FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: Lich Schools Section: 15



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NOTICE

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FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT	JULIUS ROSENBERG
FILE NO	65-15348
VOLUME	NO. 15
SERIALS.	551
	THROUGH
	621

Sorial	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Pages	*	(month/year) Exemptions used or, to whom referred (identify statute if (b)(3) gited)
551	8/14/50	BUREAU TELETYPE TO NY	1		YES	Dean Bull. 15-58236-329
551A	8/14/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	37	2	No	
33	8/14/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	/	/	No	·
553	8/14/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	7	7	16	
5-4	8/14/50	SAR, NY LETTER TO U.S.A, SDAY	4	4	No	
55	8/14/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	2	2	No	
56	8/14/50	BUREAU LETTER TO WFO	1	1	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-228
557	8/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	Yes	-ce brile 65-58236-376
5 E	8/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO DE	,	1	Nla	
59	8/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO BURGAU	1	_	YES	see & file 65-58236-399
66	ह/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	yes !	see Bugile 65-58236-367
6/	8/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	1/85	see Supile 45-58236-401

Borial	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No.	of Pages Release	*	(month/year) Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) oited)
61 A	8/14/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	me Byile 101-2115-72
62	8/14/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	Nle	
63	8/4/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	/	1	No	
63 A	8/14/50	SE LETTER TO BUREAU	/	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-406
54	8/14/50	BUREAU LETTER TO NY	,	,	YES	see Buple 65-58236-101
65	8/11/50	CI LETTER TO BUREAU	,		1/55	oce bufiles 65-58236-402
66	8/5/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	No	
67	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
68.	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
69	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	G	6	No	•
70	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	16	
7/	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	Z	2	No	•

Berial	Date	(Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Pages Release	*	(month/year) Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
572	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	No	
513	8/5/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	see Bafile 65-58236-404
574	8/15/50	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	Yes	ser Bufele 65-58236-393
575	8/5/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	3	3	No	
576	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
577	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
578	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	/	/	1/0	
579	8/5/50	SAMEMO TO FILE	/	/	1/0	
80.	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	No	
781	81.5/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	1/0	•
82	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	,	/	No	
83	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	,	/	No	•

rial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No.	of Pages Raisson	*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
94	8/5/50	SA MEMO TO FILE.	1	/	No	
4 A	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	,
<u></u>	8/15/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
6	8/16/50	SA MEMO TE FILE	1	1	No	
7	8/16/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
28	8/16/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1)	yes	see Bufile 65-5-9028-313
9	8/16/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
90	8/16/50	WFO TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1		Yes	per Brile 65-58236-423
1.	8/16/50	NY TELETYPE TO DE	1	/	No	
2	8/16/50	DE TELETYPE TO NY	1	/	No	4
	8/16/50	NH REPORT TO BUREAU	4	-	YES	per Bufile 65-58236-453
/	8/16/50	NY REPORT TO BUREAU	50	-	YES	see Bugle 65-54028-309

Serial .	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	f Pages Released	*	(month/year) Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) alted)
595	8/16/50	NI LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	1/55	see- Sufile 45-59028-309
596	8/17/56	SA MEMO TO FILE	3	3	No	
597	8/17/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	4	4	No	
598	8/15/50	BUREAU TELETYPE TO NY	1	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-365
799	8/15/50	PG TELETYPE TO BUREAU	2) i -	YES	Dec Bufile 65-58236-452
00	8/15/50	WFO TECHTYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	Yes	ar Bufile 65- 58236-431
c/	8/16/50	NY REPORT TO BUREAU	17		YF5	see- Lufile 65-58236-438
602	8/16/50	CY LETTER TO BUREAU	•	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-385
03·	8/16/50	PE LETTER TO BUREAU	2		YES	see Suple US - 58236-386
04	8/17/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	,	-	YES	su Bufile 65-58236.389
حی:	8/17/30	BUREAU TELETYPE TO NY	1	-	1/25	see Bylik 65= 58236.37-
06	8/17/50	WFO TELETYPE TO NY	2	2	16	•

lorial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No.	Release	d #	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
7	8/17/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	,	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-38;
) ક	8/17/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	1/55	Dec Bufile U5-58236-381
9	8/17/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	,	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236.383
2	8/17/50	BUREAU TELETYPE TO NY	,	-	Yis	Dec Befile 65-58236-376
//	8/17/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	No	
2	8/17/50	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED CARLA SMALL JAVNA	1	/	YES	Process Small yavna were
,	8/17/50	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	see Bufile 65-58236-534
4	8/17/50	LAB REPORT TO NH	1	-	YES	see- Bufile 65-58236-408
<u>. </u>	.7/-150	SA MEMO TO FILE	4	4	No	
·	7/28/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	3	3	No	
,	7/31/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	/	No	
3	7/31/50	SA MEMO TO FILE	10	10	No	•

rentery Werkshoet 1-503 (2-18-77) JULIUS ROSENBERG Not 65-15,348 (month/year) No. of Pages Description (Type of communication, to, from) Examptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) sited) Serial Date Raissand Actual 7/31/50 SA MEMO TO FILE. 619 No 7/31/50 SA MEMO TO FILE 620 No 8/1/50 SA MEMO TO FILE No 621 *Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque 751/DOJ

NEW YORK FILES

Volume No		DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION Rosenberg Et AL
Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
551	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
551a	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.
552	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.
553	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.
554	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.
555	8/14/50	(b)(7)(D) - This exemption was cited on page 1 to protect the identity of a source for which an expressed Or implied promise of confidentiality has been given.
556	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
557	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
558	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.
559	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
560	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
561	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
561a	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

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Volume No.	-Volume 15 65-15348	DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION Rosenberg Et. Al.	
Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)	
562	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.	
563	8/14/50	No exemptions were cited.	
563a	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
564	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	€
565	8/14/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
566	8/15/50	No exemptions were cited.	
567	8/15/50	No exemptions were cited.	
568	8/15/50	No exemptions were cited.	
569	8/15/50	(b) (7) (C) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 3 to withhold information of a third party in that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. This information originated from another investigation and is investigatory data of a third party. (b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on pages 5 and 6 to protect information for which the source requested confidentiality.	
570	8/15/50	No exemptions were cited.	
571	8/15/50	(b) (7) (C) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to with-hold information relative to a separate investigation concerning a third party. The release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. This pertains to third party's political affiliation.	

	rg Et. Al,	DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION Rosen	-15348	File No. 6
		DELETION (S)	Date of Serial	Serial Number
	·	No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	572
	n the Inventory	This serial was previously processed as shown Worksheet.	8/15/50	573
	n the Inventory	This serial was previously processed as shown Worksheet.	8/15/50	574
	xpressed or	(b)(7)(D) - This exemption was cited on page protect the identity of a source for which an implied promise of confidentiality has been g	8/15/50	575
,	concerning a The dis-	(b)(7)(C) - This exemption was cited on page withhold information of an investigatory natu third party not relevant to the Rosenberg Cas closure of this information would constitute invasion of personal privacy.		
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	576
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	577
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	578
0		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	579
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	580
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	581
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	582 .
		No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	583
	<i>1.66</i> € ****	No exemptions were cited.	8/15/50	584

erial	Date of	DELETION (S)	
mber	Serial	DELETION (5)	والمستوانية والمستوانية
584a	8/15/50	No exemptions were cited.	•
585	8/15/50	(b)(7)(D) - This exemption was cited to protect the identity of the source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given.	
586	8/16/50	No exemptions were cited.	
587	8/16/50	No exemptions were cited.	****
588	8/16/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	•
589	8/16/50	No exemptions were cited.	•
590	8/16/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
591	8/16/50	No exemptions were cited.	
592	8/16/50	No exemptions were cited.	
593	8/16/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
594	8/16/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
595	8/16/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
596	8/17/50	No exemptions were cited.	
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Volume 15

A1.	Rosenberg Et.)N	DOCUMENT JUSTIFICA	15348	File No. 65-
	(s)	DELETION (Date of Serial	Serial Number
ion of a	ate investigat Rosenberg Case	rning a separa evant to the R tion would cor)(7)(C) - This exempti thhold information con ird party not deemed r sclosure of this infor vasion of personal pri	8/17/50	597
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/15/50	598
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/15/50	599
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/15/50	600
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/16/50	601
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/16/50	602
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/16/50	603
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/17/50	604
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/17/50	605
	•		exemptions were cited	8/17/50	606
Inventory	shown on the	processed as	is serial was previous rksheet.	8/17/50	607
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File No. 65-15348		DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION Rosenberg Et. Al.	
Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)	
608	8/17/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
609	8/17/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
610	8/17/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
611	8/17/50	No exemptions were cited.	
612	8/17/50	No exemptions were cited.	
613	8/17/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
614	8/17/50	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	:
615	7/~-/50	No exemptions were cited.	
616	7/28/50	(b) (7) (C) - This exemption was cited on page 2 to withhold information of a third party in: that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. It pertains to financial status of third	
617	.7/31/50	party. No exemptions were cited.	
618	7/31/50	No exemptions were cited.	
619	7/31/50	No exemptions were cited.	
620	7/31/50	No exemptions were cited.	
621	8/1/50	No exemptions were cited.	

AOTOMS NO.

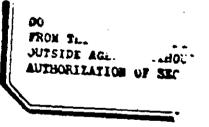
A. S. Bepartment of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION



See also Nos.

Section

Section

S. S. GOYCEANUT PRINTING OFFICE 25-63991-6

65-15948

A throater

Memo
Re Julius Rossburg Espionage R

Pallen Shupack, 8803 and B, Ehlyn, N.X.

Shiest, quantly employed as earpenters helper,

Allen Shupack, 8803 are B, Bhlyn, N. N. about performed, quently employed as carpenters believe,

Py + H Construction Co, 2410 82nd St, Bklyn — did

not recognize Rosenberg or any of his associates

ly either name or flotograph. Stated that he

worked for many years for the american Hinge

Co, 206 Willabout St, Bklyn, which company is extracted hyll wing Shupark, bother of allen Shupark.

allen Shupark stated that he did office Twork and

had contact with other firms with which american Hinge did business. He did not, however, recall the Bit Madine Products Co, the I + R Engineering Products Co, or the United Purchasers or distributors

Ament a Cammarota SA

New York, New York August 14, 1950

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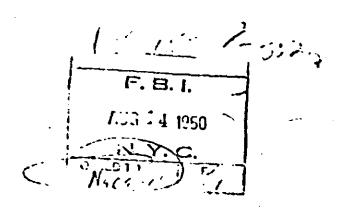
RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPICNAGE - R

Re Washington Field teletype, 8/9/50.

PAX ELITCHER was interviewed on August 11, 1950, concerning ABRAFAN FOCKSON and LEG SCHUBERT. Information concerning these individuals obtained from ELITCHER is set forth in a memorandum by SA VINCENT J. CAHILL, under the caption of MAX ELITCHER; HELENE ELITCHER; ESPICEAGE - R, file 65-14873, which is dated August 14, 1950.

VINCENT J. CAHILL Special Agent

VJC:AS 65-15348



New York, New York August 14, 1950

111210

RE: MAX ELITCHER; HELENE ELITCHER ESPICNAGE - R

On August 11, 1950, PAX ELITCHER was interviewed at the New York office by the undersigned agent, at which time he furnished the following Information:

ELITCHER was unable to identify a photograph of RUSSELL A.
MCNUTT. ELITCHER was shown four different photographs of VIVIAN GLASSMAN,
but stated that he did not know this individual and had never met her.
ELITCHER made available to the reporting agent a photograph, together
with a negative, of WILLIAM DAI ZIGER and his wife and child, which
photograph BLITCHER advised was taken in 1946 after DAI ZIGER had returned to Washington from the West Coast. This photograph and negative
need not be returned.

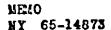
ELITCHER also made available a group photograph of nineteen individuals of the School of Engineering of the City College of New York from the class of 1938. In this photograph, he identified two of the individuals as STANLEY RICH and WILLIAM DANZIGER. It is noted that neither ELITCHER or JULIUS ROSENBERG, JOEL BARR or WILLIAM PERL appear in this photograph, according to ELITCHER. ELITCHER requested that this photograph be returned to him when it had served its purpose.

ELITCHER advised that MORTON SOBELL, to his knowledge, had never attended Hebrew Church or Symagogue and had never spoken of attending religious services. ELITCHER stated that to the best of his knowledge, SOBELL had never had any religious training when he was a young boy.

ELITCHER further stated that neither he nor his wife have observed any activity at SOBELL'S home within the past few weeks. He

oc: 65-15348

VJC:AS 65-14873



stated that his house does not face directly on SOBELL'S garage and consequently, he is not in a position to observe any movement of SOBELL'S car from the garage unless someone opens the garage door which connects with the foyer of SOBELL'S home. ELITCHER stated that should he or his wife notice any activity either at SOBELL'S home or garage, he would notify this office at once.

With regard to ABRAMAN FOOKSON and LEO SHUBERT, ELITCHER furnished the following informations

He stated that he first met ABE FOOKSON sometime in 1939, but cannot recall the circumstances under which they met. ELITCHER stated that he was not sure but thought that he possibly met FOOKSON on one other occasion, perhaps in 1941 or early 1942, when he visited a house in which EDDIE HILLIAN resided.

Washington, D.C., until the early part of 1940 when he moved out and moved into an apartment with a group of four or five individuals, all of whom came from the City College of New York and worked in Washington. ELITCHER stated that he recalled visiting HILLMAN on one occasion at this new address which he believed was located in the 1800 block on Ingles Terrace, Washington, D.C. He stated that he had a vague recollection that FOOKSCH was one of the individuals residing there with HILLMAN at that time, but he could not say this with certainty.

ELITCHER stated that as far as he knows, POOKSCH, at that time, was an engineer and he believed that he worked for the Bureau of Standards in Washington, D.C. He indicated that he has not seen FOOKSCH for approximately nine years and does not know his whereabouts. He atated that he knew of no relationship between FOOKSCH and ROSEWBERG and did not know whether ROSEWBERG knew FOOKSCH.

Fith regard to LEO SCHUBERT, ELITCHER stated that SCHUBERT is presently employed in the Bureau of Standards and he believes that

MEMO NY 65-14873

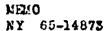
SCHUBERT is a member of the FAECT. He last saw SCHUBERT on August 8, 1950 when the SCHUBERTS were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. HERSHKOVITZ, who reside in Long Island and who are friends of the ELITCHERS.

ELITCHER stated that the SCHUBERTS and the HERSHKOVITZS visited his home on August 8, 1950, at which time SCHUBERT indicated that he was still employed at the Bureau of Standards. ELITCHER advised that SCHUBERT was a good friend of ART IBERALL, who is presently employed in the Bureau of Standards in Washington, D.C., and who is very active in the FAECT.

ELITCHER stated that he first came in contact with SCHUBERT in about 1946 or early 1947 when he and a group of other individuals associated themselves in a plan to build homes in a community. ELITCHER stated that among the individuals in this group were ARTHUR IBERALL, SOL TABCR, ABE WEISS, LEO SCHUBERT, an individual named GREEN, first name unknown, and ELITCHER.

ELITCHER stated that the intention was to associate in contemplation of building a cooperative housing development either in Washington or close to Washington. He stated that he and the other members of the group planned to limit the number of families in this community to 20. ELITCHER indicated that the group did not incorporate and did not form any company, but that ART IBERALL appeared to be an individual who directed most of the group's activities. ELITCHER advised that an account was maintained at a local bank in Washington under the name of Mrs. TABOR, and that her personal account at this bank was the depository into which money was placed which each member of the group contributed. ELITCHER advised that it amounted to a forced plan for savings and he said that he and each of the other members paid \$10.00 per week into the fund. Eventually, they were to purchase property and then build homes.

ELITCHER advised that the individuals which formed this group had previously belonged to a similar cooperative housing development plan in another section of Washington, but had withdrawn from this original plan because there was considerable opposition and disagreement on procedure among the numbers of the group. Accordingly, the ones who appeared to have been dissatisfied in the original housing plan joined together to



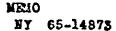
initiate a similar housing development project to which EDITCHER belonged. He stated that this first group eventually purchased the Bannockburn Country Club, Washington, D.C., as a site on which to build their project homes.

ELITCHER stated that his association with SCHUBERT was limited to the development of this housing plan and he said that he did not see SCHUBERT from the time he left Washington, D.C., in about September 1948 until the visit by the SCHUBERTS in August, 1950. As before, ELITCHER advised that he did not know whether SCHUBERT knew JULIUS ROSENBERG or whether he had any association with him. He indicated that to his knowledge, SCHUBERT did not know JULIUS ROSENBERG.

Regarding LEWIS REESE, ELITCHER stated that this individual was presently employed as an electrical engineer at the Reeves Instrument Corporation, 215 East 91st Street, New York City. He stated that REESE had begun to work there in the early part of 1948. He advised that REESE was presently the contracting officer of the Reeves Instrument Corporation and was handling the contractual end of the "Gunas" System on which ELITCHER is presently working.

REESE had been a Lieutenant Commander assigned to the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., handling fire control systems and anti-aircraft work. He was assigned to the Bureau of Ordnance in 1943 or 1944 and remained there until 1946 when he went to work as a civilian in a power company, name unknown, which was located in the Los Angeles area of California. ELITCHER stated that he was employed in Los Angeles at this power company until the early part of 1948 when he started to work for Reeves Instrument Corporation.

ELITCHER stated that he was not well acquainted with REESE in Washington, stating he was assigned to the Anti-Aircraft Research and Development Section of the Bureau of Ordnance in the latter part of 1945 just prior to the time that REESE left the Bureau. ELITCHER stated that he attended two farewell parties at which REESE was present. One these parties was held at REESE'S home and ELITCHER and his wife were invited. The other party was a joint party held for REESE'S and Commander



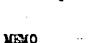
J. BRIDGES' benefit. Commander BRIDGES was leaving the Bureau of Ordnance as an officer, but was remaining at work there as a civilian. The second party was held at BRIDGES' home. ELITCHER and his wife attended. ELITCHER advised that REESE'S wife was present on both occasions, but added that he did not know anything of her background and in fact did not know her first name.

ELITCHER stated that to his knowledge, REESE had never been a member of the Communist Party. He indicated further that from his knowledge of REESE gained at the Reeves Instrument Corporation, he could not visualize REESE as being a Communist either by what he said or did or by any position he maintained in political discussions.

ELITCHER stated that he was an acquaintance of REESE'S at Reeves Instrument Corporation, but did not associate with him and only had conversations with him primarily about the work. He never went out socially with REESE. Similarly, he stated that he did not know whether any close friendship existed between MARTIN SOBELL and LEWIS REESE, but said that to his knowledge they had never gone out socially nor did they appear to be good friends. He indicated, however, that in the former course of procedure, many occasions would arise when REESE and SOBELL would necessarily have to consult on matters involving the work being done at the Reeves Instrument Corporation. He stated that with this in mind, it would be quite normal for them to be seen together either in conversation or going to lunch. He indicated, however, that to his knowledge, REESE and SOBELL did not go out socially and he added that so far as he knew, no relationship existed between them.

ELITCHER advised that as near as he could tell and from his own personal knowledge, REESE was in no way involved with SOBELL in espionage work nor was REESE acquainted with JULIUS ROSENBERG. ELITCHER indicated that he had often wondered why REESE had not been given clearance by the Navy Department and said that he often wondered whether clearance for REESE had been denied because REESE was observed talking to SOBELL and to him.

Tt is noted in the captioned file that Lt. Commander NORTON A. PRAGER of the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, Washington, advised



NY C5-14873

that ELITCHER on one occasion had telephoned that office from New York in another matter and upon concluding his business had spoken to ELITCHER over the telephone and had specifically asked PRAGER as a spokesman for the Navy Department to grant him clearance to go aboard the USS Mississippi. This took place about June 17, 1949.

ELITCHER was questioned regarding this and he advised that since January 1949, he know that he did not have clearance from the Kavy Department to go aboard any vessels containing Navy secretequipment. He said that as a result, he never made any trips for the Reeves Instrument Corporation and never inquired of the management about the security clearance. ELITCHER stated that he knew PRAGER from the Bureau of Ordnance and had often spoken to him over the telephone, but never had he requested clearance of him so that he could go aboard the USS Mississippi.

ELITCHER indicated further that he had never personally made any reservations with the National Airlines in June of 1949 to go to Norfolk, Virginia. He stated that he was unable to explain this apparent confusion, but added that he was absolutely certain that he had never requested clearance of the Kavy to go aboard the Mississippi, nor had he ever made any such reservation. ELITCHER stated that it was customary for the management to request clearance of the Navy for a particular individual when the occasion arcse. He stated that he understood this procedure and would not have thought of violating it.

PLITCHER further remarked that Lt. Commander PRAGER, even if he had received such a request for clearance, would not have been in a position to issue such clearance on his own authority. He stated that PRAGER'S first duty after receiving this request would be to refer it to the Administrative Section of the Bureau of Ordnance, which handled security clearances. He also advised that it was customary that the individual receiving the call on a request for security clearance would fill out a form and route it to the Administrative Section of the Bureau with his recommondation as to whether clearance should be given. ELITCHER stated, however, that the ultimate determination as to whether clearance was to be given on that rested with the Administrative Section.

ELITCHER stated further that he had never been called in by the management at the Reevos Instrument Corporation regarding a telegram

uemo Ny 65-14873

received from the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, granting him elearance to go aboard the USS Mississippi. ELITCHER stated that possibly someone else may have endeavored to secure clearance to go aboard the Mississippi using his name, but he indicated that this was very unlikely since PRAGER knew him personally and knew his voice over the telephone.

ELTICHER also left with the reporting agent for review many copies of his travel vouchers which he executed while employed by the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department. ELITCHER brought these to the New York office in the hope of establishing dates of his meetings with SOBELL and ROSENBERG in New York.

VINCENT J. CARILL Special Agent

607 U. S. Court House Foley Square New York 7, New York

65-15348

August 14, 1950

Hon. Irving H. Saypol United States Attorney Southern District of New York U. S. Court House Foley Square New York 7, New York

> Re: JULIUS ROSENEERG ESPIONAGE - R

Dear Sir:

In connection with the information furnished by Pavid Greenglass relative to the material furnished by him to Harry Gold and Julius Rosenberg, the FBI headquarters at Washington, D.C. has been in communication with the Atomic Energy Commission relative to the classified nature of the information and we have been advised as follows:

With respect to the signed statement of Greenglass dated July 17, 1950, which is set out in the summary report of Special Agent John W. Lewis, dated July 22, 1950, at New York in this case, starting on Page 11, and continuing on the following page, there appears information concerning the "Naval type atom bomb." The Atomic Energy Commission has advised as follows: "The Hiroshima type bomb was never officially designated as the 'Naval Type' bomb. However it may have been given such an informal name among those who worked with it since part of the work in connection with its development was carried out by the Navy. This bomb was not completed as of January 1945. All of the information concerning this bomb was considered classified in January 1945and much of it is still not considered declassifiable."

In the same signed statement appearing on Page 13 of the summary report, in the last paragraph, there appears information which Greenglass said he passed to Rosenberg relative to the atom bomb. Concerning this, the Atomic Energy Commission has advised, "With respect to the information which Greenglass says he passed to Julius Rosenberg in the fall of 1945, information of this type was classified in the fall of 1945 and is still not considered to be declassifiable."

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Letter to Hon. Irving H. Saypol NY 65-15348

On Page 13 of the summary report in the signed statement Greenglass admitted, "I furnished Julius Rosenberg with an unsealed envelope containing the information I had been able to gather concerning the atom bomb, as well as a couple of sketches of the molds which make up the atom bomb." Concerning this the Atomic Energy Commission has stated, "Sketches of the mold used in the atom bomb were classified at that time and are still 'restricted data."

On Page 13 in the statement, Greenglass admited, "I also furnished Gold with information concerning the identity of a world-famous: scientist who was working at Los Alamos under an assumed name and also furnished information that Oppenheimer and Kistiakowsky were working at Los Alamos." The Atomic Energy Commission has advised, "The Fanhattan District did attempt to 'play down' the identity of the employees of Los Alamos up through the period including June, 1945, particularly the identity of the key scientific staff, and did make an effort to assure that lists of such employees would not be published. It is felt, however, that it is somewhat doubtful that the fact that Dr. Oppenheimer and Dr. Kistiakowski were employed at Los Alamos was considered by itself to be classified -- " information by the Wanhattan District. Dr. Bohr's association with the wanhattan District as of June 1945 was considered as 'secret' information." The Atomic Energy Commission furnished three pieces of correspondence which bear out their conclusion that Dr. Bohr's presence at Los Alamos was "secret " The Atomic Fnergy Commission is attempting to locate additional documents with respect to this matter.

On Page 13 of the summary report, with respect to the material furnished by Greenglass to Gold, Greenglass states, "I also gave him a 🐃 sketch of a high explosive lens mold which was an experiment to study implosion effects on a steel tube to understand the effect it would have on uranium so that it could be determined how a critical mass could be arrived at which would not explode before detonation." With respect to this, the Atomic Fnergy Commission has advised, "The particular sketch appears, however, to be a description of an experimental setup rather than a description of a mold; the sketch has been further described as 'a sketch of a Koski arrangement for a form of cylindrical implosion on a steel tube, and is still classified as 'secret.' It could possibly be described by a witness as a sketch of a high explosive lens, rather than a sketch of a high explosive lens mold.we are specifically inviting your attention to the above since we understand that Greenglass was charged in the indictment as having prepared and delivered a sketch of a 'high-explosive lens mold."

Letter to Hon. Irving H. Saypol NY 65-15348

There was also forwarded to the Atomic Energy Commission a lucite disk which was found in Greenglass' apartment in New York City. Greenglass had admitted that he obtained this disk while working at Los Alamos and had claimed that it was part of the atom bomb. The Atomic Energy Commission has advised, "The lucite disk was part of an experimental model of a detonator which was being tested for use with the atom bomb. It was classified, as were all such parts. The security significance of this disk is extremely low unless it was accompanied by a detailed account of the function it fulfilled within the detonator.

There was also forwarded to the Atomic Energy Commission the following items: One list of promotions of enlisted men, dated March 27, 1945; one mimeographed letter, dated August 8, 1945, to all members of the laboratory, frow J. R. Oppenheimer; one undated, mimeographed form marked "Restricted" and signed by J. R. Oppenheimer; one letter dated August 6, 1945, to all military and civilian personnel, Wanhattan District, from K. D. Nichols, Colonel, Wanhattan District, Oak Ridge, Tennessee; and one copy of the cover page of the "Ordnance Soldier's Guide," marked "Restricted," and is sued by Ordnance Replacement Training Center, Abordeen Proving Grounds, Maryland. The Atomic Energy Commission has advised that it would not be a violation of the Atomic Fnergy Security Regulations for Greenglass to have any of the above mentioned documents in his possession. The Atomic Fnergy Commission also advised that in their opinion Greenglass' retention of these documents upon separation from service would not have violated Wanhattan District security regulations.

The Atomic Energy Commission was also requested to advise as to whether there was any objection to the disclosure in a public trial of information regarding Greenglass' work on implosion experimentation and implosion research. The Atomic Energy Commission has pointed out that scientific and technical information of this general type is classified as "restricted data." They suggested that if the prosecution of the case required that some of this information be declassified the Commission would be glad to consider the matter further, but that they felt that it may be possible for a witness to testify to the general nature of Greenglass' work at Los Alamos without disclosure of any information now classified as "restricted data."

The Atomic Energy Commission is concerned with the problem of having made public at a trial the data of a restricted nature which Greenglass admits furnishing, much of which is still classified. They also feel that there is a problem with respect to the testimony of Atomic

Letter to Hon. Irving H. Saypol - NY 65-15348

Energy Commission witnesses to the extent such witnesses will have to disclose classified matters at a trial.

With respect to this matter, it would be desirable to have it resolved well in advance of any trial by discussion between you and the Atomic Energy Commission representatives. I would appreciate being advised of your decision in this matter.

Very truly yours

EDWARD SCHEIDT

Special Agent in Charge

New York City August 14, 1950

MEMO:

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE R 65-15348

Refmemo SA HAROLD F. GOOD, 8/8/50, re check on account of Pitt Machine Products, Inc., payable to BEACON METAL MANUFACTURING CO.

Controller's Office, National-City Bank, 55 Wall-Street, verified that the DEACON METAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY has an account at the Fletbuck Eranch of that bank and from a telephone conversation with the manager of that branch obtained the following information concerning that company: BEACON first opened an account with the bank, Yorkville-branch, March, 1946, and transferred it to the Flatbush branch 7/15/49. The company does business at 375 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn. It is a sole proprietorship headed by BUBIN GOODMAN. It formerly was a partnership with GOODMAN and CHARLES BOZSIK, but the partnership was dissolved. The company has never borrowed from the bank. Little is know of its credit rating as such. Its accounts averages \$3,000.00. The account has been satisfactory, with nothing unfavorable known of the company or GOODMAN. The company manufactures machine protectors.

RUBIN GOODMAN, Proprietor, Beacon Metal fanyfacturing Company, 375 Kent Street, residing at 55 Linden Boulevard, Brooklyn, advised that he first met ROSENEERG about two years ago and has done business with him rather regularly since then, up until the time the latter was arrested. He said that he first heard of ROSENEERG through his former partner, CHAHLES BOZSIK, who in turn heard of him as a potential customer from a heat treatment man with whom they had done business. He daid that he does not recall that man's name or address, but said that BOZSIK could supply them, in all probability. GOODMAN said that he aclivered work to hosenberg's show the day before ROSENEERG was arrested. He said that he was arry much surprised to learn of BOSENEERG's arrest, despite the fact that he knew GAERNELASS and had previously known of the latter's arrest.

F. B. I.
AUG 15 1030
N. Y. C.

FLOTE: TO | FACE!

Mr. GOODMAN continued escentially as follows: He and CHARLES BOZSIK first mot in 1943, when they both worked for the Savoy Brass Company, Long Island City. They later met again and set up a partnership. About two years ago they broke up the partnership, and BOZSIK went to work for MITTAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 2310 3rd. Avenue, NYC for a while and then tent to work for ROSENBERG at PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS, Inc. He is confident that BOZSIK was never in any may involved with ROSENFERG in any espionage or other unlawful activity, has discussed ROSENFERG with ROZSIK and knows that the latter was as america as he himself was and regards ROSENBERG as a traitor.

Mr. COODMAN further advised as follows: He saw ROSENBERG for a total of about twenty times. He knew him only through business. total business between them represented about \$8,000.00 to \$10,000.00. EDSEMBERG, at one point, vanted to form a partnership with him, but he was not interested. FOSENIFRG's plant lacks automatic screw machines, which he, GOODMAN, has; so, the principal business between them has been work which HOSENEERG ordered, calling for the use of automatic screen machines, and which ROSENEERG handled for his customers on a commission The last psyments from ROSENBERG were about two months ago basis. and emounted to approximately \$50..00, he thought. Concerning the work for ROCENZEEG delivered the day before the latter's arrest, he, GOODMAN, learned that it was being done for COIL WINDERS, INC, 61 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. He got in touch with Mr. YELSEY of that company, learned that the latter was indignent and bitter toward POSENGEEG because of the es donage charge, and was delighted to make arrangements to pay GOODLAN Directly for his share in the work done. He has since become a customer of GODMAN's. Another similar account is that of the AIR NUCT INSTALLATION COMPANY, 32 East 4th. Street, who also has become a customer of GOODMAN's. The head of that company is also bitter toward ROSFNEENG because of his espionage charge.

Because of the probability the COIL MINDERS or CAIB BUCT have already been contacted, no effort was made by this agent to go there. The same is true for FOZSIK-CHARLUS J. BOZSIK, 3015 Colden Avenue, Bronx--for GOOLMAN covised that agents came to interview BOZSIK while he was visiting BOZSIK and was discussing HOSHNFFAG with him. GOOFMAN said that he knows of no other specific business accounts of PITT MACHINE PHOTUCTS, INC.

CODIMAN said that when GREINGLASS was arrested, he called ROSENBERG, with whom he was by then on rather friendly terms, and asked him about GREINGLASS' arrest. He asked ROSENFIRG, he said, whether the FBI had interviewed him. ROSENFERG said that the FBI had not seen him, but refused to talk about the case. *r. GODIMAN said that he attributed this reluctance to the fact that GRFENGLASS was ROSENFERG's brother-in-law and did not consider the possibility that ROSENFERG might also be involved. He said that neither ROSENFERG nor GREENGLASS had ever given any indication of espionage activities while he knew them. He said that he was unable to recognize any of the photographs shown him except those of ROSENFERG and GREENGLASS and that he had never met ETHEL FOSENBERG.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, NEW YORK
- AUGUST 14, 1950

MUREAU+

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

URGENT

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ESP. - R. PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS CO. THREE SEVEN ZERO

E. HOUSTON ST., NYC, RECEIVED MAIL ON AUG. TEN, FIFTY, FROM EMPIRE TOOL

CO., EIGHT SEVEN SEVEN FOUR GRINNELL AVE., DETROIT, MICH. CONTACT EMPIRE

TOOL CO. TO DETERMINE REASON FOR CORRESPONDING WITH PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS,

WHICH COMPANY IS OWNED BY SUBJECT OF THIS CASE.

SCHEIDT

RRY

AN ROBUTT

MR WELL OR

PR COUNTR

SAVET

SAVET

R

1100 COUNTR

ARADOL Y LERK

ARADOL VINIE

JPL:GDM (# 6) -65-15348

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent_N

Per PCA

(5-15348-534.

New York, New York

MEMO

August 14, 1950

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

At Woodstock, New York, on August 8, 1950, FRANK MEYER and his wife, ELSIE, of Ohayo Mountain Road, were shown the photographs of subjects, none of whom they were able to identify.

LOUIS P. HURLEY SA

LPH:GDM 65-15348 13. 13. 34 f 562 N. Y. C. NEW YORK, NEW YORK

MEKO

August 14, 1950

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the Knickerbocker Post Office, New York City, reflect that on August 10, 1950, the following mail was received by the Pitt Machine Products, Inc., 370 East Houston Street, New York City:

Empire Tool Company 8774 Grinnell Avenue Detroit 13, Michigan

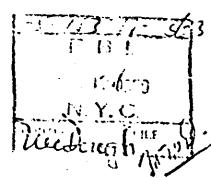
Suite 511 175 Fifth Avenue New York, New York

Lubikold Company 51ó Bergen Street Brooklyn, New York

It is recommended that the Lubikold Company be contacted to determine the reason for their corresponding with the Pitt Machine Products, Inc., which company is owned by the subject. No lead is being set out to contact Suite 511, 175 Fifth Avenue, New York City, inasauch as this lead has been covered before.

JAMES P. LEE

SA



JPL:CDY 65-15318

MEMO

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on June 26, 1949, a toll telephone call was placed from the subject's home telephone Deekman 3-1308 to Springvalley 1620. According to the records of the Telephone Company, this number is listed to the meter Beach Colony, Inc., Yonsey, New York.

Resident agent covering Yonsey, New York should conduct investigation to determine the nature and reputation of the Webber Beach Colony, Inc., and if determined to be advisable, should conduct appropriate interviews with the management to determine the nature and extent of ROSENBERG's association with this corporation.

photographs of ROSENBERG and his associates should be displayed during the course of these interviews in an effort to determine information which may be in the possession of the management concerning the various individuals with whom ROSENPERG has associated.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information on the Webber Peach Colony, Inc.

Log:1700 65-15348 LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

18. Y. C.

MENC

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to the writer's memorandum (65-15348-366) concerning telephone toll calls made from the subject's home and business addresses.

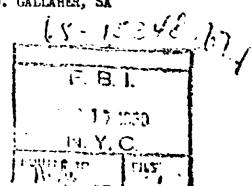
Ry routing slip dated July 28, 1950, SA F. I. C. DONNELL was requested to ascertain the identity of subscribers to (Monroe 3051 and Port Jervis 3-7959. It will be noted that toll calls were made to these numbers on July 11, 1948 from the subject's home telephone.

Ry routing slip dated August 7, 1950, SA F. I. C'DCNNELL advised there is no such listing as Monroe 3051 but that Monroe 3-3051 was listed to Kozy Korners Roarding House, Monroe, Crange County, New York. Port Jervis 3-7959 was listed to the WAI RESNICK residence at Godeffroy, Orange County, New York.

Leads are being set out by separate memorandum to conduct investigation concerning the above individual and establishment. There is no reference of a derogatory nature in the indices of this office concerning the Kozy Korners Pocarding House or the name VAX RESNICK.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

LCG:MDC 65-15348



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

August 15, 1950

FULC

RE:

JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPICHAGE - R

I called ir. Belmont of the Bureau this afternoon at 3:00 P.M. and advised him that the hearing for JULIUS ROSEMBERG has been put off until next Tuesday, 8/22/50.

RODERT R. GRANVILLE, SA

RRG: II: 65-15348

> FRI - NEW YORK AUG 15 1950

DMEMO

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to the memorandum of July 28, 1950 satting forth six firms which had mailed material to Fitt Machine Products, Incorporated, 370 East Houston Street, New York City, all of which were postmarked July 25, 1950.

The first of these firms was the N.R.W. Company, Incorporated, 191 Berry Street, Brooklyn, New York.

The Indices of the New York Office reflected that this firm sent mail to M. Broverman and Sons, 79 Wall Street, New York City, on November 19th and 20th, 19.7. HROVERMAN is in the hair and bristle business

HERMAN MANAS is the President of the M.R.M. Company. In his absence Mrs. HERMAN MANAS, Secretary and Treasurer of the firm, was interviewed on August 10, 1950 and advised their firm is engaged in the manufacture of bottle filling machinery. She stated that the subject's firm is a sub-contractor for the M.R.M. Company, making certain small pieces of machinery which the M.R.M. Company is unable to make itself. The M.R.M. Company has no Government contracts and does no secret work.

Mrs. MANAS went on to say that the subject started fabricating parts for the K.R.W. Company on November 10, 1948 and all work was discontinued on July 10, 1950 as a result of the newspaper publicity concerning the subject. Immediately after this Krs. ROSENBERG telephonically contacted M.R.M. Company and asked that the small amount still owed to the Pitt Company be paid up, and this was done.

Wrs. MANAS stated that she and her husband are not acquainted socially with ROSENEERG and the only times she saw him were when he stopped in the front office for his check. She was unable to recall when ROSENBERG first started fabricating parts for the Management.

Jah: PMC 65-15348 F. H. I.

Synso

IN. Y. C.



MEMO

pany, but advised that TOM PREZIOSO, now in the Shipping Department but formerly Purchasing Agent, had secured the services of ROSENBERG.

Mrs. MANAS roughly totaled the sum of payments to ROSENBERG since November, 1948 and the total was approximately \$4,050.00. A few recent bills examined by the writer reflected the following types of work:

Date	Items Described	Amount
June 22, 1950	144 check valves, #1129/1130	\$203.04
June 12, 1950	2 lower disk flanges	\$16.00
June 6, 1950	1 casting	\$4.50
Vay 31, 1950	labor only (materials supplied by M.R.M.) star shaft	\$20 .00
May 31, 1950	reducer gear	\$9.00
May 31, 1950	star gear	\$24.00

All of the work was done according to the specifications furnished by the M.R.M. Company and ROSENHERG'S work was generally satisfactory and reasonable.

Pr. TOM PREZIOSO was also interviewed and advised that he first heard of the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated through a salesman who recommended this company for the type of fabrication needed by the N.RM. Company. PREZIOSO was unable to recall which salesman recommended the Pitt Company but stated it was not an unusual procedure since the salesmen visit all the local shops and are acquainted with the

MEMO

facilities and businesses of the various machine shops.

He went on to say that he handled all of ROSENBERG'S dealings with the M.R.M. Company and that ROSENBERG never gave any indication of being pro-Communist or pro-Russian and that he, PREZIOSO, did not know ROSENPERG prior to the time he was given his first fabricating job by the M.R.M. Company.

Referenced memorandum also reflects the Fitt Company received a letter from Pell Directory Publishers, Inc., 1860 Broadway, New York City.

The Indices of the New York Office contain a reference in the DUCASE indicating this firm addressed mail

This sub-file has been destroyed and no further information is available.

Chr. MICHAEL M. RELL, Treasurer of the firm, was interviewed and advised Bell Directory Publishers, Inc. publish two industrial directories. One is the "Eastern Manufacturers and Industrial Directory" and the other is the "Mid-West Industrial Directory." These directories are distributed free to all plants, factories, Government departments and large concerns. A profit is made through the paid advertising of various concerns in the directory. The Eastern Directory is distributed to 55,000 firms.

Mr. PELL stated it is the practice of this firm to select from the yellow pages of the telephone book all types of businesses and circularize them for paid advertisements in the directory. During the latter part of July, 1950 thousands of these circulars were mailed out and undoubtedly the letter to the Pitt Machine Froducts, Incorporated contained such a circular, since Mr. PELL searched their files and could locate no file on the subject or his firm.

Another correspondent with the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated was Britt Tyckoff Potter Hamilton, Incorporated, 400 Madison Avenue, New York City, which sent the subject's firm a circular.

YEMO

The Indices of the New York Office reflect several references to this firm, which deals in real estate management and brokerage, as well as insurance. According to Dun and Bradstreet, they managed approximately 175 buildings in 1941 and collected rents from 4,000 tenants. Officers of this firm have been contacted previously regarding tenants, in major espionage cases.

of Britt Wyckoff Potter Hamilton, Incorporated, advised their records contain no information on the subject or the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated. However, he stated it is the policy of his firm from time to time when they have unused uptown space, to circularize various businesses in the undesirable congested downtown area, offering the tenants of these buildings more desirable uptown space. The difference in cost can often be made up through lower insurance rates, and so forth.

In the latter part of July, 1950 many hundreds of these circulars were mailed out and undoubtedly such a circular was mailed to the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated. The businesses circularized are taken from the yellow pages of the telephone book.

Another-correspondent of the Pitt Company was etal Expeditors, 170 Broadway, New York City, who sent a postcard to the Pitt Company on July 25, 1950.

The Indices of the New York Office were negative concerning this firm.

In the absence of Mr. M. BOYD ZINMAN, President and Manager of this and several other firms, all operating out of this address/Mrs. JEANETTE Z. POSNER, Treasurer, was interviewed and advised that this firm deals in the purchase and sale of all types of steel, both in the domestic and foreign markets. Another firm under the same management is Tractors for Export, of which Mrs. POSNER is Treasurer.

Mrs. POSNER searched the firm records but could find no reference to the subject or the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated.

MEMO

However, she advised that around the period of July 25, 1950, as well as before and after that date, Metal Expediters sent out thousands of post-cards to a selected list of steel users, obtained through former mailing lists, trade journals and yellow pages of the phone book, asking if the recipients of the cards wanted to buy or sell steel. Mrs. POSMER advised that undoubtedly the mail received by the Pitt Company on July 25, 1950 was such a card.

On August 11, 1950-Fr. MAX STESSIN, President of the Dio-Man Manufacturing Company, 405-44th Street, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed. This company also postmarked a letter to the Pitt Machine Products, Incorporated on July 25, 1950.

Mr. STESSIN advised that the Lo-Wan Manufacturing Company is presently engaged almost exclusively in ranufacturing parts for television sets.

that about 50 parts were involved and the specifications called for anywhere from one or two to 20 parts. At the time he took the contract he figured that while this particular contract was small and involved more work than was warranted for the job, it might lead to larger orders in the future, and so he accepted the contract. He stated that in making such small quantities of these parts it would oftentimes be necessary to set up the machine tools for several days and then the few parts could be run off in a matter of a few minutes. At that time, also, his equipment was distantied as power press machines were being installed to replace screw machines, and he recalled discussing this matter with Mr. MILTON RERLIN, of the Templet Manufacturing Company, 156 Flushing Avenue, Long Island, as York, who recommended the Pitt Company for the manufacture of these parts, as they had done similar work for Templet Manufacturing Company in a satisfactory manner.

According to STESSIN, he telephoned JULIUS ROSENBERG who assured him that he had the necessary equipment to handle the job.

Thereafter, ROSENBERG visited the Lo-Man Manufacturing Company and got the blueprints. ROSENBERG paid one more visit to

MEMO

the Lo-Man Company thereafter. In each instance he dealt directly with Mr. STESSIN and all the conversations dealt strictly with the business on hand.

The contract was dated April 23, 1950 and called for approximately 50 different parts. The total cost of the work was estimated at approximately \$1,070.00.

As stated above, the Pitt Company was only to make lathe parts and STESSIN, himself, did not know for what purpose these parts were ultimately to be used. A few samples of the parts were posts, pivots, pushings, spacers, sleeves, etc.

The last of the order was finished last week. At the present time Lo-Man still owes the Pitt Company approximately \$100.00 for the last of the parts but since ROSENBERG apparently made duplicates of one part STESSIN is holding up payment of the \$100.00 pending settlement of this matter.

STESSIN further advised the parts were well made and the price was reasonable. In addition, ROSENBERG had told him he was also engaged in work for the United States Air Corps.

Lo-in sub-contracted the world the results and the results are the results and the results are the results are

It is suggested that Lr. MILTON BERLIN, of the Templet Manufacturing Company, 156 Flushing Avenue, Long Island, New York, be interviewed regarding ROSENBERG, in the event this has not already been done.

JOHN A. HANISCH, SA

KEKO

RE: JULIUS ROSENPERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on July 11, 1948, a toll telephone call was placed from the subject's home telephone, beekman 3-1308, to conroe 3051. Investigation conducted by SA F. X. O'DONNEIL reveals that there is no such listing as Monroe 3051, but that Monroe 3-3051 is listed to Kozy Korners, Monroe, New York.

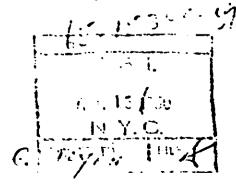
Resident agent covering Yonroe, New York should conduct appropriate investigation to determine the reputation of the management of wozy Korners poarding House, and if it is determined to be advisable should conduct appropriate investigation to determine the connection of ROSENRERG with this establishment.

In the course of interviews, photographs should be displayed of ROSENPERG and his associates in an effort to determine whether or not ROSENPERG or any of his associates have stayed at the Kozy Korners roarding House and also to obtain any further information available.

The indices of the New York Cffice reflect no derogatory information on this establishment.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

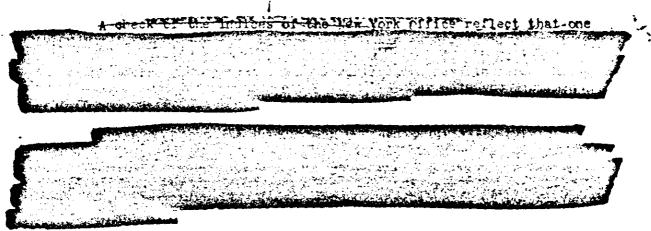
LOG: MTC 65-15348



MENO

RE: JULIUS ROSENSERG ESPIONAGE - R

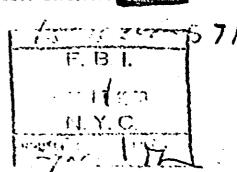
The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on July 8, 1949, a toll telephone call was placed to Katonah 799 from the subject's home telephone number reekman 3-1308. Records further disclosed that this number is listed to CHARLES CCOPER, Colden's Bridge, New York.



If it is determined that KATCNAH 799 is listed to the above individual, it is requested that the resident agent covering Golden's Bridge, New York interview CCOPER for the purpose of determining the nature and extent of ROSE BERG's association with him. Photographs of ROSE and his associates should be displayed to CCOPER for such information as he may be able to furnish regarding them.

Further review of the files of this office indicates

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It is noted that this individual has also resided at Golden's pridge, New York and may be the party to whom the call was placed on July 8, 1949.

If it is determined that Matonah 799 is listed to this individual, the office should be advised so that appropriate investigation may be conducted.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

MENO

RE: JULIUS RCSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

Records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on June 27, 1949, a toll telephone call was placed to Amenia 120 from the subject's home telephone, neekman 3-1308. The records further indicate that this number was listed to the Reacon Realty Company, Lake Amenia, Amenia, New York.

The indices of this office fail to indicate any information concerning the reacon Realty Company, and inasmuch as the file on Camp Reacon was not available, the writer was unable to determine whether or not this is the operating firm for Camp Reacon.

It is therefore requested that the resident agent covering Amenia determine the identity of the Peacon Realty Company, and if it is deemed advisable, conduct appropriate interviews with the management of this firm to determine the nature and extent of RCSENPERC's association with it.

During the course of such interviews, photographs of ROSENPERG and his associates should be displayed to the management in an effort to determine if information regarding them is in the possession of the Reacon Realty Company.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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New York City August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE R

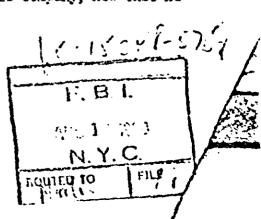
Refimence of St. HAROLD F. GOOD, NYC, 8/8/50, recommending interview with SOLOMON H. BAUCH, holder in escribe of stock in Pitt Machine Product, Inc. for ROSENBERG, who was buying same, after identifying RAUCH through the Helmenic Bank Trust Company and learning something of his background at such bank.

Company, 18% 139 william Street, NYC, advised that SOLOMON H. BAUCH opened a small special checking account in 1939, giving his business as that of lawyer at 45 John Street and his residence at 1665 Andrews Avenue, Bronx. Because of the nature of the account no credit information or other background data concerning BAUCH was available, said.



SHOMON H. EAUCH, Attorney, 45 John Street, Telephone BE 3-1908, idvised that he was expecting a visit from the FAI, having taked on the phone the day before, 8/14/50, with ROCH, ROSENBERG'S detense attorney and got from now the impression that papers in his possession concerning ROSENBERG'S were about to be subpoensed. It is noted that Mr. BAUCH requested that if such papers are to be subpoensed that it us done tefore briday evening, 3/18/50, or after 0/18/50, as in the interim he plans to be out of the city on vacation. He indicated that he would be glad to have the documents subpounded, as it would give now an apportunity to appear before the court and reduct that he be recessed from his obligations as escrower. He said that he did not want to have anything to up with notherbold or his company, now that he has beginned of the espionage charge.

65-15348 NOW.



Mr. PAUCH stated that he had represented ROSENEIRG, not SCHIN, in the purchase by EXEXIMERALIX by BOCKNEIRG of the other's interest in PITT MICHINE PRODUCTS, INC. When he mentioned this, the agent stated that he had not intention of infringing on or interfering with Mr. BAUCH's relationship with his client or of ROSENFERG's privileged communication with him. Mr. BAUCH said that he did not believe that anything concerning the transaction was privileged; that he had discussed that cuestion on the phone with PLOCH, ROSENEFRG's present attorney; and that BEOCK, who seemed to have looked into the cuestion, to some extent, at least, did not believe that anything concerning the stock purchase was privileged. He said that he would be glad to co-operate in any way that he could. The agent assured him that his confidence would be respected.

Mr. BAUCH at one point started to mention the date, "June 6th." and then stopped, saying that perhaps that information was privileged. He later, probably referring to the same matter, said that on Jule 6, 1950 BERNARD GRAFNOLASS had been made a Vice President in the Pitt Machine Products, Inc. and was certified as competent to sign company checks, "because ROSANTING and his wife were contemplating a trip." He did not further elaborate, and the agent did not feel that it was politic to press him on the point.

Vr. BAUCH further stated essentially as follows: He furst met ROSUNFIEG and GREFNGLASS through HARRY PLHTMAN, President of the APISTOCRAT WHIPPER CORPORATION, formerly on Grand Street, but recently burned down. PLFTMAN has been a client of his for years, off and on, and recommended him to ROSFNFERG and GMEHNGLASS, with whom he has also done business for several years. Since then, ROSENEERG came to him for advice on a certain matter. Thereffer, they came in on several occasions, (ROSENEIFG, BERNARD/ GREEN-GLASS and PAVID GREENGLASS) in connection with ROSENEERG's contract to purchase the interest in the corporation from SCHEIN.

Mr. BAUCH Rirther advised essentially as follows: Documents available to him indicate that the two GEFFNGLASS and ROSINEIRG were formerly in business as the FG. & R. FNGINFIRING COMPANY, a partnership. Thereafter, when in financial troubles, SCHEIN was brought into the business and provided \$15,000.00 as his interest and to help put the company back on its feet financially. He, ROSENFERG, DAVID GREENGLASS, and FFRNARD GREENGLASS each received twenty-five shares of comm on stock in the corporation then organized as the Pitt Machine Products, Inc. In addition, SCHEIN received 150 shares of preferred stock. This was 1947.

Mr. BAUCH further indicated: The GREINGLASS brothers later on stepped out of the picture, with ROSINIFEG having taken over their interests. BAUCH negotiated with SCHEIN on ROSINIFEG's behalf to get SCHEIN out of the organization and leave ROSENBERG alone as a sole proprietor. By contract dated August 1, 1950, it was agreed that ROSENBERG would pay SCHEIN \$5,500.00 for his interest in the company. ROSENBERG paid SCHEIN \$1,000.00 at the time the contract was closed, \$6/1/50, and agreed to pay \$160.00 per month, starting 5/15/50, until the total was paid. No





amount in interest was provided for. The subsequent payments were to be on the fifteenth of each month. SCHEIN thereupon endorsed the stock certificates convering his stock in favor of ROSHNERG. ROSHNERG also endorsed the stock in blank. BAUCH signed the agreement as witness and was to hold the stock in escrow until the full amount was collected. No mortgage was provided for.

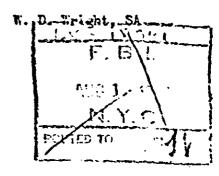
Mr. RAUCH advised that he was very much surprised to learn of ROSENFIRG's arrest; that he had never discussed politics with him; that ROSENFIRG had never done anything to indicate espionage activities; and that had ROSENEIRG asked him to give him a letter of reference the day before, he would gladly have done so, Novall his impressions of ROSENEIRG were favorable, he said, except that he did not know that ROSENEIRG was an engineer and had regarded him as a rather simple, hard-working "schmoe".

Mr. BAUCH further stated that he had never seen Mrs. ROSENEERG, but that she had called him the day before her arrest for advice as to whether she should make the monthly payment due August 15, 1950, especially as she was negotiating to sell the company. He said that he advised her to make the payment and then attempt to reach an agreement with SCHEIN that would liberate the stock from escrow and permit the sale of the company if a satisfactory buyer were found. He said that her arrest an erently prevented that payment, for SCHEIN's attorney called—HARFY ZUCKER, 15 Court Street, Brooklyn—to ask that the stock be turned over to SCHEIN when the five days of default elapsed, as provided for in the contract. Mr. BAUCH said that he had taken the position that he would not mant to take the responsibility of turning over the stock under the circumstances, even when the default period had elapsed, because of the doctrine of impossibility—the jailing of ETHEL ROSENBERG having made it impossible for her to comply with the terms of the contract.

A previous appointment which Mr. BAUCH had made prevented the clarification of certain points raised in the interview,—such as the date of his first contact with ROSENEERG; the nature of his business with him on that occasion; PLETHAN's telephone number, which he said he had, even though he did not have his current address; and any information he might have as to possible purchasers of the KEKKAK PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS, Inc.

Mr. BAUCH advised that it is his impression that DAVID SCHEIN has had no connection with ROSENBERG and DAVID GREENGLASS except the legitimate business contact and that he is a responsible, reliable, and highly religious man.

PERIOD: - 8/14, 15/50



KEMO

RE: JULIUS ROSENSERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on - July 11, 1948, a toll telephone call was made from the subject's home telephone peekman 3-1308 to long Peach 1510.

The New York Telephone Company also supplied information that this phone is listed to Urs. HELENE V. ARVAD, 835 East Walnut Street, Long Beach, New York. The resident agent covering the above individuals residence should ascertain the reputation of Mrs. ARVAD and interview her regarding her connection with JULIUS or ETHEL ROSENBERG.

Photographs of RCSENBERG and various associates should be displayed to Mrs. ARVAD for such information as she may be able to furnish.

The indices of the New York Office reflect nothing derogatory concerning Mrs. HELENE V. ARVAD.

LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

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KEKO

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESP-R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on September 12, 1948, September 12, 1949, November 22, 1949, December 19, 1949, December 20, 1949, December 30 and 31, 1949, January 4, 5, 17, 1950, toll telephone calls were made from the subject's home telephone Beekman 3-1308 (A Freeport 3-2887.

The records of the New York Telephone Company further reflect that as of February, 1950, this number was changed to Freeport 9-6437, and that on yarch 11, 1950, telephone call was placed to that latter number. In addition, the records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on November 6, 1949, December 15, 1949, and January 1, 1950, toll telephone calls were placed to Freeport 2-2887 from the subject's business telephone Gramercy 3-8830. This number is listed to FRMAN TACKEL, 261 Winsum Avenue, Merrick, New York.

The indices of the New York Office fail to reflect any information regarding TACKEL.

The resident agent covering Perrick should conduct such investigation as may be deemed advisable in order to ascertain the identity and reputation of HERMAN TACKEL. Thereafter, he should be interviewed concerning his association with the subject, unless it is determined that such an interview would be inadvisable without prior gureau authority.

In view of the numerous calls made from the subject's telephone, considerable caution should be used in determining the identity of TACKEL before an interview is contemplated. During the interview, photographs of subject and his associates should be displayed in an effort to determine any further information.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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RE: JULIUS REGENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on June 25, 1948, a toll telephone call was placed to farden City 3361.—
from the subject's business telephone Gramercy 3-8830 which is the number of the pitt Machine Products Company.

Garden City 3361 is listed to the Gerial Trades Company, Jericho Turnpike, Mineola.

A check of the indices of the New York Office fails to indicate any derogatory information concerning this firm.

The resident agent covering Fineola should contact this firm and determine the nature and extent of the subject's contact with it. In addition, photographs of RCSENRERG and his associates should be displayed to persons interviewed for such information as they may have concerning these individuals.

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LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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Kew York, New York August 15, 1950

MEMO

RE: JULTUS ROSENPERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on August 4, 1948, a toll telephone call was placed from the subject's home telephone geekman 3-1308 to Newburg 733 N2. On August 16, 1948, another call was placed from the subject's business telephone Gramercy 3-8830 to the same number.

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect further that this number is listed to the business address of FRED SOMONA, Villa Galicia Hotel, Plattskill, New York. Resident agent covering Plattskill, New York should determine the reputation of FRED SCMONA and of the Villa Galicia Hotel, and should thereafter, if deemed advisable, interview FRED SCMONA and display photographs of ROSENPERG and his associates for such information as may be obtained concerning them.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information concerning FRED SCNCNA or the Villa Galicia Hotel.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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REI-JULIUS ROSENBERG

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on July 11, 1948, a toll telephone call was made from the subject's home telephone Beekman 3-1308 to Port Jervis 3-7959. SA F. X. O'DCNNELL has determined that this number was listed to the (IXX RESNICK residence at Godeffroy, Orange-County, New York.

The resident agent covering this town should conduct investigation is to determine the identity and reputation of MAX RESNICK and thereafter interview him for such information as he may be able to furnish concerning the subject.

During the course of the interview with RESNICK, photographs of ROSEPERG and his various associates should be displayed to him for such information as he may be able to furnish.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information on MAI RESNICK.

LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

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New York, New York August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENPERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company indicate that on August 5, 1948 and August 7, 1948, toll telephone calls were made from the subject's home telephone meekman 3-1308 to the yount Pleasant House, marryville 2369, Yount Pleasant, New York.

The resident agent covering the above address should make appropriate investigation to determine the reputation of this establishment and if deemed advisable should make appropriate interviews of the management of the yount pleasant House in an effort to determine the connection of the subject with the above establishment.

During the course of these interviews, photographs of JULIUS ROSENPERG and his associates should be displayed in an effort to determine any further connection regarding them.

The indices of this office fail to reflect any information of a derogatory nature concerning the Yount Pleasant House.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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New York, New York August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS RCSENPERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on June 25, 1949, a toll telephone call was placed to remonkson 8107 from the subject's home telephone Reekman 3-1308. Records further disclosed that this number is listed to MENRY MARCHAWSKY, grocery store, Granite, New York.

Resident agent should determine the reputation of the management of this establishment and thereafter, if deemed advisable, conduct appropriate interviews to determine the nature and extent of ROSENBERG's association with the store. In this instance, it is thought that in view of the date on which the call was placed, ROSENBERG may have been trying to obtain accommodations for a vacation or may have been trying to contact someone who was in Granite, New York on vacation.

It is requested that in the course of any interviews with the management of the above store, photographs of ROSENRERG and his associates be displayed for such information as may be available concerning them.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information concerning HENRY WARSHAWSKY.

LESTER O. GALLAHER, SA

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New York, New York August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENPERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on April 6, 1950, a toll telephone call was placed to minimum at Liberty 1450 w from the subject's business telephone Gramerdy 3-6830 which is the number of the Pitt Machine Products Company.

The New York Telephone Records further reflect that Liberty 1450 % is listed to peck's villa, U. RECK, Custodian, white sulphur Springs, New York. It is requested that the resident agent covering white Sulphur Springs make appropriate inquiries regarding the character and reputation of peck's villa and U. RECK, and if deemed advisable, interview RECK and other members of the staff of this establishment for information concerning the identity of "Shine."

During the course of these interviews, photographs of ROSENBERG and his associates should be displayed for such information as may be obtainable concerning them.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information on either peck's Villa or U. FECK.

LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

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New York, New York August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENPERO ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on July 6, August 4, 11, 31, 1948, toll telephone calls were placed to Yonticello 269N from the subject's business telephone, Gramercy 3-8830. These calls were placed to Mrs. RUTH GREENGLASS, c/o IRVING COHEN SWAN. Monticello 269N is listed to/D/ SWAN, Pridgeville Read, Yonticello, New York, according to New York Telephone Company records.

Resident agent covering Monticello, New York is requested to determine the identity and reputation of the SWANS and if deemed advisable, interview him for such information as they may have regarding the RCSENBERGS and GREE GLASSES. It is noted that DAVID GREENGLASS, subjects brother-in-law, was employed at the Pitt Machine Products Company at the time these telephone calls were made, and it is possible that GREENGLASS placed the calls.

photographs of the RCSENPERGS and GREENGLASSES and their associates should be displayed to the SWANS for such information as they may be able to furnish regarding these individuals.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information on the SWANS.

LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

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New York, New York August 15, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R

The records of the New York Telephone Company reflect that on July 11, 1948, a toll telephone call was made from the subject's home telephone Beekman 3-1308 to port Jervis 3-7959. SA F. X. O'DCNNELL has determined that this number was listed to the MAX RESNICK residence at Godeffroy, Orange County, New York.

The resident agent covering this town should conduct investigation to determine the identity and reputation of MAX RESNICK and thereafter interview him for such information as he may be able to furnish concerning the subject.

During the course of the interview with RESNICK, photographs of ROSENPERG and his various associates should be displayed to him for such information as he may be able to furnish.

The indices of the New York Office reflect no derogatory information on VAX RESNICK.

LESTER C. GALLAHER, SA

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3. St., h. Y. C. advised they tradicision resocrates Inc., i Herkimer Pa., Brackien, K. Y., opened as account with them on May? io, 1950. He stated that bevid haton is President and that Joseph a. Heiler is fooretary the that they expositive the Premier molding Co.

a lited further that the Processian accommutes Inc. reducing this limit a graph with distance operate from the U.S. Army Complete Complete Production of the Complete Relative Complete Com I oliting it officed inc. a rought of their there record has been say-The second

kr. D via a kton, Docaminat, Problem neveriese Inc., B. Kerkimer] Pl., Broaklyn, MY. Wirelath to thou had let act a got-order or sub-contract to the Bitt Machine Products Inc. on June 6, 1950, which consisted of mixing out a piece of turing to fire another piece of tabling. He attated that the jo-order consisted of routine work and was not of a confidential nature.

Mr. Auston added that they said the Pitt Rachine Products Inc. the full colleg checks for the norm that they did figures, 67.50, 54.75, and 32...7. He remained that the cork of the Pitt duching Products this last artists orangemak that they have recommended to they by the Figure "Limbers which they and Frombing avery Principle, N. Y.

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FBI - NEW YORK

interest (5)

New York, N. Y. August 16, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSENFERG ESPIONAGE - R

CHARLES BOZSIK, Shop Foreman of PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS, INC., advised on interview that shortly before the arrest of DAVID GREENGLASS, ROSENBERG had planned to go to Arizona for a vacation or some other such place, and arranged for BERNARD GREENGLASS to have power of attorney to operate the PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS. SCLO'ON H. PAUCH also advised on interview that RERNARD GREENGLASS was made a Vice President of the PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS on May 1, 1950 and was granted power to sign checks and the ostensible reason for this was the fact that ROSENBERG-planned on going on a trip.

It is recommended that PERMARD GREENGLASS be interviewed for complete background information that he might have concerning ROSENHERG and the details of his being made an officer of the PITT MACHINE PROJUCTS in May of this year.

JAMES P. LEE, SA

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New York, N. Y. August 16, 1950

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RE: JULIUS ROSEMBERG FSPIONAGE - R

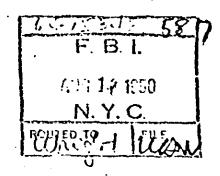
CHARLES BOZSIK, Shop Foreman of PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS, INC., advised on interview that he had accompanied JULIUS ROSENBERG to the A-1 VETAL SPINNING CO., WHI-Sheriff Street, New York City, on two separate occasions where they did some metal cutting work.

It is recommended that the A-1 PETAL SPINNING CO. be contacted to determine the extent of their relationship with the subject.

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JAMES F. LEE, SA

JPL: HC 65-15348



New York, N.Y. August 16, 1950

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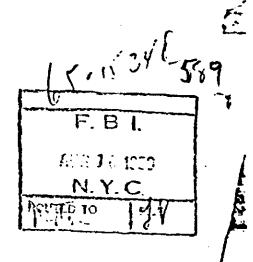
RE: JULIUS ROSDIFERG ESPIONAGE - R

At the request of Mr. MYIES LANE, Assistant U. S. Attorney, Southern District of New York, SA Leo H. Frutkin telephonically contacted RUTH GREENGIASS at OR 4-5194 on August 16, 1950, to determine her mode of travel to Albuquerque, New Mexico, in November 1944 and her point of departure. Mrs. GREENGIASS advised that she always used the railroads when she traveled and that she did so in November of 1944. She also advised that to the best of her recollection her point of departure was Pennsylvania Station, New York City. She also advised that DAVID GREENGIASS also traveled by railroad when he returned to Albuquerque from New York in January of 1945 but she was not certain whether he departed from Grand Central Station or Pennsylvania Station.

Mr. LANE was advised accordingly.

JAMES P. IFE, SA

cc: 65-15336 JPL:HC 65-15348



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK 7, NEW YORK AUGUST 16, 1950

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Approved: Special (Agent in Charge

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MR. MARCHESSAULT NIGHT SUPERVISOR MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TUORY

MR WAISE

... MR. WORL

CHIEF CLERK

PROPERTY CLERK ...TRAINING UNET

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FBI, DETROIT

URGENT

8-16-50

ESPIONAGE - R. REURTEL FOURTEENTH INST. JULIUS ROSENBERG. RECEIVED BY PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS ON TENTH WAS STATEMENT FOR SEPECIAL GROUND TAPS SHIPPED BY EMPIRE TOOL CO. ON JULY ELEVEN. RUC.

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7-30 PM OK FBI NYC REOT

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MEMO

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE-R

In connection with a statement made by DAVID GREENGIASS to the effect that JULIUS ROSENBERG took a proximity fuse out of the Emerson Corporation and that the invention was highly secret at that time BENJAMIN YELSKY, who was formerly Resident Inspector in Charge of the Newark Signal Corps Inspection Agency, was interviewed by SA ROBERT L. STEVENSON, JR. and the writer on August 8, 1950.

At the outset of the interview YELSKY stated that he had to be very careful with his answers in that he did not want to be involved in any way. He stated that he graduated from the College of the City of New York in 1937 and added that he did not know whether he knew ROSENBERG at that time. He volunteered to furnish the names of some of the people he did know while he attended CCNY in order that they could be contacted to determine whether he was acquainted with ROSENBERG at that institution. YELSKY later stated that he believed he first met ROSENBERG while both were U. S. Signal Corps employees at Jefferson-Travia Radio Company, New York City, but his answer was evasive and he indicated he could not be sure of this.

It wil! further be noted that at the outset of the interview YELSKY voluntarily stated that he had never been a member of any political clubs or organizations while at City College. YELSKY further stated that he desired to answer the questions in such a way that he would not be able to be quoted on them.

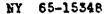
YELSKY stated that he could not recall the specific duties of ROSENBERG while they were employed at Emerson. During the interview he ridiculed ROSENBERG and stated that ROSENBERG was incompetent and a misfit. He further stated that he could not recall being responsible for the assignment of ROSENBERG to any specific duty at Emerson and indicated that if he did assign ROSENBERG to any duties they were not of a responsible nature.

YELSKY further stated that the Coil Winders Corporation with which he is connected has had an occasional contract with the Pitt Kachine Products Incorporated, which organization ROSENBERG is President of. YELSKY stated that he gave ROSENBERG this business because of the fact that he continually pestered him for these contracts.

He indicated he was not socially acquainted with ROSENBERG end-could firmish no information regarding his activities, political or otherwise. YELSEY stated he was not Signal Corps Inspector in Charge at Emerson but with more or less U.S. Signal Corps Coordinator of Activities at Emerson.

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Regarding the plans and specifications pertaining to the proximity fuse YELSKY stated that he himself has never seen the specifications of the complete fuse and indicated that if such plans were not svailable to him they would not be available to ROSENBERG. YELSKY made it clear that plans of the individual parts of the fuse existed, however, he reiterated that to his recollection he never saw specifications of the complete fuse.

In reference to the security measures taken by Emerson Radio Corporation YELSKY stated they were strictly enforced, however, it was his experience that such measures were not 100% effective. He advised the completely assembled proximity fuses were closely guarded and an accounting system was maintained relative to these fuses and in the event a complete fuse was removed from the proximity fuse production area it would probably be noticed. He did state, however, that it would be measy matter to remove individual parts of the fuse from the area and assemble the parts outside of the plant. He indicated that no accounting system was kept regarding the individual parts of the fuse before it was assembled.

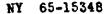
It is to be noted that in connection with ROSENBERG employment with the Emerson Radio Corporation from February 2, 1945 to December 7, 1945 he furnished as an employment reference BENJAMIN YELSKY. In this regard YELSKY was asked whether he was ever used as a employment reference for ROSENBERG and he stated that to the best of his recollection he has never been used by ROSENBERG as a reference.

It is to be further noted that during this interview YELSKY referred to the proximity fuse as the CPQ project.

YELSKY elso advised that specifications pertaining to the proximity fuse were kept in a locked cabinet and if any information pertaining to the fuse were removed from the Emerson Corporation it would almost necessarily have to be the fuse itself or parts thereof.

TELSKY reitersted that he could not remember the duties of ROSENBERG as a Signal Corps employee at Enc-son and made it clear that he was not closely associated with ROSENBERG. During the interview YELSKY furnished only evasive answers.

Corporation, 540 West 58th Street, New York City, stated that during the time of ROSENBERG's employment in 1945 his (LEVY's) position was Chief Engineer of Special Production and as such he was supervisor ever ROSENBERG. He stated that ROSENBERG had absolutely nothing to do with the proximity fuse during his private employment with Emerson in 1945. Regarding ROSENBERG's specific duties during this employment LEVY stated that ROSENBERG was a design and development engineer on a commercial radio which he indicated to be a four band shortwave set.



Mr. LEVY advised that ROSENBERG, as a civilian employee of Emerson, had access to any classified projects which may have been conducted at Emerson at that time. ROSENBERG was discharged from the Emerson Radio Corporation due to a reduction in personnel.

Mr. LEVY was asked by the interviewing Agents to furnish the names of persons who appeared to be close contacts of ROSENBERG while he was in the employ of the U.S. Signal Corps at Emerson. Mr. LEVY stated that ROSENBERG was always friendly and very close to one BEJAMIN YELSKY and added that they were frequently seen together. He stated that both ROSENBERG and YELSKY had pretty much the same responsibilities -- one as senior and one as junior. He stated that he could not think of anyone else ROSENBERG was friendly with at that time and described ROSENBERG as being competent in that he knew radio and could carry a job through.

SA STUART J. CAMERON

итио

August 17, 1950

RE: JULIUS HOSENBERG ESPIONAGE - R.

Reference is made to the memo of Special

Agent James P. Lee wherein it is reflected that among the items located in the apartment of Julius Rosenberg on 7-17-50 was the telephoen number GR5-5400 and that this number is listed to the Jewish Board of Guardians, 228 East 19th Street, New York City.

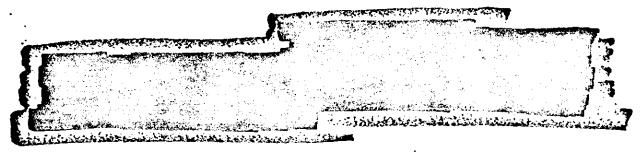
The indecies of the New York Office disclose the following references to the Jewish Board of Guardians:

62-3119-2059.

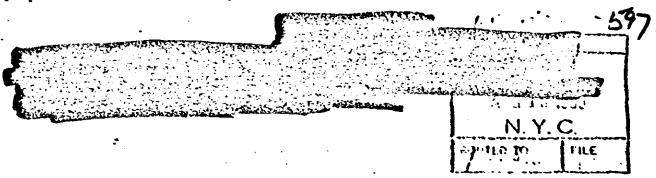
This reference is a source of information file which has been destroyed.

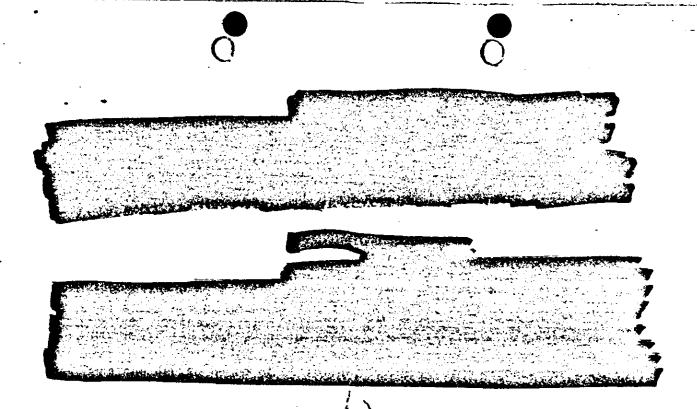
65-5669-87,88,89.

A review of the above reference failed to disclose any mention of the Jewish Board of Guardians.



80-216-133, 113
Both of the above serials are copies of letters from the Director to Mrs. Sidney Borg, President, Jewish Board of Guardians, 228 East 19th Street, New York City acknowledging receipt of letters from Mrs. Borg in which a request was made of the Director that he speak before an anniversary meeting of the JEG.





At the Jewish Board of Guardians, 228 East 19th Street, New York City, Mr. B. J. Black, Assistant Executive Director was interviewed. Mr. Black explained that the Board of Guardians operates five (5) Child Guidance Clinics in and about New York City and that these clinics, staffed by Psychiatrist, Psychologists and Social Workers, deal principally with the treatment of serious emotional problems of children. Mr. Black said that he could only advise that Mrs. Julius Rosenberg came to the Board of Guardians in November, 1948 and requested assistance in dealing with the emotional problems of her oldest son Michael. At that time, Mr. Black said, Mrs. Mosenberg indicated that the only source of family income was her husbands business, The Pitt Wachine Products Company, and that at that time no profit was being realized from the business. For this reason, he advised, the determination of a fee to be charged was postponed until a later date. Mr. Black said that he did not know Mrs. Rosenberg or the subject personally and referred the writer to kirs. Betty Phillips, a case worker, for additional information.

Mrs. Phillips advised that she was assigned to handle the problems of Michael Rosenberg and that she spent the period from November, 1948 until July, 1949 familiarizing herself with Michaels condition and all factors that influenced his development. In July of 1949 the case was referred to the Jewish Child Care Association for a determination as to whether or not Michael should be placed in a foster home. In November of 1949, following their study, it was decided that Michael should be treated at the Board of Guardians and the placement plans were abandoned.

In March of 1950, Mrs. Phillips advised, the JBG started seeing Michael regularly, on a weekly basis, during which time Mrs. Rosenberg was seen twice a month. The visits and conversation: were about Michael; his development, what was going on in the home at that time eg. eating difficulties, sleeping, temper tentrums etc. Mrs. Phillips advised that in May or June, 1950, the JBG, in addition to seeing Michael once a week, began seeing Krs. Rosenberg on a weekly basis also to facilitate their handling of the problems involved. The Board continued seeing Mrs. Rosenberg and Michael on this weekly basis until the week ending August 12th, 1950. Mrs. Phillips said that the Board was aware of the arrest of Michaels father, Julius, on July 17, 1950 and of Mrs. Rosenberg on August 11, 1950. She said that Mrs. Rosenberg, when seen following her husbands arrest, was upset as to what the arrest was going to do to Kichael but said nothing about her husband. Krs. Phillips advised that she visited Krs. Rosenberg in jail on the morning of August 16, 1950 to learn what her desires were with regard to the welfare of Michael. She said that Mrs. Rosenberg now feels that as a permenent plan Michael should be placed in a foster home but that the present plan is to have the boy stay with his grandmother and

and have a homemaker from the Jewish Family Service help the grandmother care for him.

Wrs. Phillips stated that she has never seen Mr. Rosenberg and that she has only briefly met Michaels maternal grandmother. She said that the discussions at the Board of Guardians have concerned only Michael and his adjustment problems and that other personal affairs of the family have never entered into any of these discussions. Consequently, she said, she could furnish no information that would be of assistance with regard to the charges placed against the Rosenbergs.

SA Robert W. Lonsdorf

Period: 8/14,15,16,17/50

MR. SCHEIDT

MR. WHELAN

MR. STEIN

MR. COLLIER

MR. GRANVILLE

MR. HENNEDY

MR. LIVVIS

MICHT SUPERVISO

MR. RAGAN

MR. RING

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TUOHY

MR. WALSH

MR. WOHL

CHIEF CLERK

PROPERTY CLERK

TRAINING UNIT

NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

31

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END PAGE CHE

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ESP DAS' R. REMYTEL AND WINE LAST CONCERNING INTER-VIEW WITH WRAHAM FOOKSOM. FOCKSON REINTERVIEWED IN UFC AUG SIXTEEN VOLUMTARILY EXECUTED SIGNED STATEMENT INCORPORATING INFORMA-TION PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED RE RELATIONSHIP WITH SUBJECT TOGETHER WITH FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL INFO. MITH REGARD TO SECOND NEETING WITH SUBJECT IN MASY. D. C. STATEMENT READS AS FOLLOUS QUOTE I NEXT SAU ROSENBERG TO THE BEST OF MY RECOLLECTION MERE IN MASHINGTON, D. C. DURING THE EINTER OF MIGETEEN FORTY NIME DASH MINETEEN FIFTY. OR THIS OCCASION HE TELEPHONED MY APARTMENT AND STATED HE HAS IN TOMM. I INVITED HIM TO COME OUT TO SEE ME AT MY APARTMENT LOCATED AT THE NAUGHT FOUR NEW-COMB STREET. S. E. WHICH WE DID THE SAME EVENING. AS I RECALL PE SAT AROUND AND CHATTER ABOUT FAMILY AND BUSINESS MATTERS FOR ABOUT HALF I BELIEVE HE HAD A PRIEFCASE WITH MIN AT THIS TIME AND SEEM TO RECALL THAT HE WAS GOING TO BALTIMORE, ND. OR HAD JUST COME FROM I REMEMBER THAT HE ASKED ME IF I WAS STILL EMPLOYED BY THE BUREAU OF STANDARDS AND UPAT I WAS WORKING ON. ING ON HYDROCARBORS. I THEN DROVE ROSENBERG TO UNION

PAGE TEO

AUTORGBILE WHERE I LET HIM OUT. I HAVE NEVER SEEN JULIUS ROSENBERG SINCE. I UNISH TO STATE THAT JULIUS ROSENDERG NEVER ATTEMPTED TO ELICIT ANY INFORMATION FROM ME CONCERNING MY WORK EXCEPT TO ASK HE WHAT I WAS ECRKING ON. WHEN I TOLD WIN MYDROCARBONS AND THAT IT WAS NOT CONFIDENTIAL ROSENBERG DID NOT PURSUE IT FURTHER UNQUOTE. ON FIRST INTERVIEW AUG NIRE LAST FOCKSON WAS UNABLE TO REMEMBER ANY OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION DESPITE FACT NEETING WITH SUBJECT TOOK PLACE LESS THAN ONE YEAR AGC. FURTHERMORE FOOKSON COULD NOT SATISFACTORILY -EXPLAIN WHY ROSENBERG HAD TELEPHONED HIM SINCE HE HAD HAD NO CONTACT VITY SUBJECT SINCE CONY DAYS EXCEPT FOR QUOTE CHANGE UNQUOTE MEETING AT BUREAU OF STANDARDS IN MINETERN FORTY FIVE UNION MEETING ACCORDING TO FOOKSON WAS CASUAL IN MATURE. MOTE THAT ROSENDERG TRAVELED FROM DOUBTOWN WASHINGTON TO FOOKSON-S RESIDENCE IN CUTLYING REIGHBORHOOD OF METROPOLITAN AREA TO MERELY SPEND PALE AN HOUR DISCUSSING FAMILY MATTERS AND BUSINESS CONDITIONS ACCORDING TO FOOKSON. FOOKSON ADMIT-TEDLY CLOSE FRIEND OF FILTON MANES MMC SMBJECT TRIED TO RECRUIT ACCORD-ING TO GREENLASS. IN VIEW OF FOREGOING, DELIEVE POSSIBILITY EXISTS THAT SUBJECT TRIED TO RECRUIT FOCKSON. NY AGAIN REQUESTED TO INTER-VIEL GREENGLASS AND POSSIBLY MAX ELITCHER RE FOCKSON.

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FUREAU ADVISED

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WA 2 31 NYC JEH

New York City August 17, 1950

MENO:

EF: JULIUS ROSHNEFEG ESPIONAGE R 65-15348

Refletter, 8/9/50 from Cincinnati to Director, concerning correspondence between Pitt Machine Products and the company named below:

Miss MARGARIT L. FORSON, Gardner Publications, Inc., 342 Madison Avenue, NYC, adviced that no reference to ROSENGERG, IMVID or HERMAGE GREENGLASS, or to PITT VACHINE PRODUCTS, INC., could be found in mailing lists or office files in New York of the commany, but that an out-dated mailing list dated June, 1948 does contain the name "G. & R. Engineering Commany, 370 Fast Houston", which means, she said, that the company was apparently receiving the mublication "Modern Machine Shop", a free publication sent to various heads or executives of that type of business. She said that she can tell from the list and from examination of the files that no contact was had with that organization since 1947 and that no further information was to be had. She said that there are no reports on the company and no correspondence in the files.

W. D. Bright, SA

PERIOD; 8/17/50

65-15348 RDN:

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NEW YORK, NEW YORK AUGUST 17, 1950

BUREAU NEWARK URGENT

CARLA SMALL JAVNA, MAS; ESPIONAGE - R. RE NEWARK TEL. AUGUST TEN. LAST. MBS. ROSE TUSKY, SUPT., ONE THRUE ONE EAST SEVENTH ST., NYC, IDENTIFIED PHOTOGRAPHS OF CARLA STALL JAVNA, STEVE JAVNA, AND JULIUS ROSENBERG AS FORMER TENANTS OF APT. FOUR A, AT CHE THIRTY ONE EAST SEVENTH ST. SHE STATED THAT BROTHER OF STEVE JAVNA ALSO RESIDED IN ART. FOUR A FOR A TIME. BUT DOES NOT RECALL EVEN APPROXIMATE DATES. MRS. TUSKY COULD NOT IDENTIFY PHOTOGRAPH OF ROSENBERG'S KIFE AND STATED SHE NEVER SAW HER BEFORE. MRS. TUSKY ADVISED THAT VIVIAN GLASSMAN HAS RESIDED IN APT. FOUR A ABOUT FOUR YEARS WHICH IS LINGER THAN PERIOD INDICATED BY RECORDS OF CONSOLIDATED EDISON, NYC. LRS. JEAN STRESS, OHE ONE THREE AVENUE "A". NYC. DAUGHTER OF MRS. ROSE TURKY, IDENTIFIED PHOTOGRAPHS OF CARLA AND STEVE JAVNA AS TENANTS OF APT. FOUR A, ONE THREE CHE EAST SEVINTH STREET, NYC. WRS. STRESS RECOGNIZED A PHOTOGRAPH OF JULIUS ROSYMBERG STATING THAT SHE HAS SEEN HIM BEFORE, BUT DID NOT KNOW HIM TO BE TENANT AT ONE THERE ONE FAST SOVENTH ST. INVESTIGATION COUTINGING. SUCCEST THAT MEMARK OFFICE AS OFFICE OF CRIGIN SUBMIT INITIAL PEPOPT IN INSTANT CASE.

cc: NY 65-15348 cc: NY 65-15385

%PG:JP (#6) 65-1539**3**

65-15348-612 g

NEW YORK, N.Y. July , 1950

NEX.O

Re: JULIUS FOTETBEEC ESPIONATE-R New York File 65-15348

The following investigations were conducted on July 27, 1950:

THOMAS H. VCCI Salem Manufacturing Corporation, 448 proome St., New

York City, advised that the subject placed two orders with him over the

phone for brass studs, one for \$7.50 on July 20, 1949 and one for \$15.00

on Feb. 14, 1950. VCCT added that the above was the only contact he

ever had with the subject.

AL LEBERSFELD of DAVID IEBERSFELD, INC., Commercial Equipment and Supplies, with warehouse located at 198 Rowery St., New York City, related that he was introduced to the subject by FRANK GCLDSTEIN of the SMITH WEIDING CORP., 210-212 E. 2nd St., New York City, now defunct. AL LEBERSFELD continued that FRANK GCLDSTEIN was currently in his employ. He added that GCLDSTEIN introduced the subject as a jig manufacturer during the latter part of June. 1950. AL LEBERSFELD added that he could come to no terms with the subject with regards to prices, and thereupon terminated his association with the subject. AL LEBERSFELD disclosed that his brother DAVID had no contact whatsoever with the subject, and that the subject was unknown to him.

FRATK COLLESTEIN advised that he did soldering work for the subject at his shop, the SMITH WELDITC CORP., 210-212 E. 2nd t., New York City, and that the subject did jig work for him during the rest, three wears.

GOLDSTEIN related that the subject did much machine work for the N.AM.

Experimental Co., Berry and forth 9th St., Brooklyn, N.Y. GOLDSTEIN

STEIN revealed to business.

DAVID GRIENGIASS as the subject at partner. GOLDSTEIN revealed to business.

HARRY SOLL, Central Sand Blasting Service, 111 Chrystie St., New York

City advised that he did not recall the subject specifically as a

business contact of his. He continued that he may have at one time

or another done some work for the subject, or that the subject may

have sought prices from him.

Mis DRIVE O'BRIEN, bookkeeper at BIGI CO., INC., 285 Madison Ave.,

"ew York City (ZXtXXXXX) advised that the above firm has been in

the process of liquidation since March, 1948. She continued that.

H. ALEXA DER STRAUS terminated his services with the above firm in

November of 1947, and that his current address is HANS ALEXANDER STRAUS,

GA-JO-EN-KANKO-HANTEL, MEGURO, TOKYO, JAPAN. Misc O'BRIEN stated that

she was unacquainted with the subject. She remarked that she has

been employed by the above firm for the past two years.

Investigation conducted at 255 Fifth Av... New York City divulged that SIM BO'S was no longer in business at that address. A telephone call placed to his residence at 222 E. 35th St., New York City (telephone No. MU 6-1189), disclosed that MR. "OWS is presently on a business trip in the Mid-west and will not return until next week to New York City.

ARTHUR M. WORMSER of the Bloch-Wormser Co., 60 E. 42nd St., New York City, advised that the subject had been recommended to him by the Munaton Manufacturing Co., 43 Vesey St., New York City, during the letter part of 1949, and that he had requested a nuctation from the

subject on bits and braces which the subject was at that time manu-facturing. WORKSEP added that he never placed the order with the subject. He stated that he saw the subject intermittently at the above-mentioned Kunston firm.

The following investigations were conducted on July 28, 1950: JACK J. KAHTAN, 40 Exchange Place, New York City, advised that he first met the subject at City College where both were undertaking enrineering courses. He stated that the subject was one year shead of him in school and graduated in 1939. He continued that he served with the subject in the MEWARK SIGNAL CORPT. ITSPECTION ZONE, Newark, New Jersey during the war, and that his contact with the subject was limited strictly to business matters. KAHGAN releted that he met the subject in 1946 at the Radic Receptor Co., 84 North 9th St., Procklyn . New York, where the subject requested KAHGAN to recommend him to the Purchasing Department of the efore-mentioned firm where he hoped to obtain orders for machine work. KAHCAT added that during that same period of time he also saw the subject at Coil Winders, Inc., 61 Bergen St., Prooklyn, New York, for which firm the subject was then doing work. When a photograph of MORTO" SOBEL was displayed to YAHCAN, he etated that he was pretty certain that SOBE! was employed as an engineer by the Feeves Instrument Corp., 217 E. 91st St., New York City.

HAROLD LEVIESON, 601 W. 26th St., New York City, advised that he was introduced to the subject by Maurice MOLMIN less than a year ago. He

three or four times seeking quotations on machine jobs, but that the subject always wanted too much money. LEVI SON related that he sold the subject about 200 lbs. of scrap steel some time in October of 1949.

12 INSON added that the subject advised him that he was doing work on contracts which he had received from the Bell Telephone Co., Nestern Electric and the U. S. Government. 12 VINSON disclored that on one of his visits to the subject's place of business, he saw the subject write out his own personal check for the rent and heard him remark that he was 6 did so as a cover up for his partner whole identity as a pertner he wanted to keep secret.

JEERY FRIEDMAN,/135 W. 27th St., New York City, formerly located at 470 Ninth Ave., New York City, disclosed that the subject called on him intermittently from 1948 to 1949 seeking orders for the manufacture of sewing machine parts. FRIEDMAN stated that he never placed an order with the subject. He added that the subject on one occasion told him that he, the subject, was doing precision work for some airplane company, the name of which FRITDMAN could not recell.

Market he de member

Hew York, Hew York. July 28, 1950.

17710:

Re: JULIUS ROSEHBURG; ESPIONAGE - R

On July 28, 1950, Er. CHARLES SCHHALB of the SPIRO MACHINE TOOL CCIPANY, 239 Centre Street, telephone No. CAnal 6-5259, home address, 1760 Andrews Avenue, Bronx, New York, home phone TR 8-7649, advised that he recognized JULIUS ROSENBERG and has not seep ROSENBERG in a business way since 1944 or 1945. SCHMAIB stated that the G . R ENGINEERING COMPANY advertised some South Bend lathes for sale/and that he inspected these lathes and paid \$180 each for them in order that he might have the lathes on hand to attract customers. SCHNALB stated that about 6 months or possibly a year later, G & R ENCINEERING COMPANY called him to advise that they had at 0,G. BROWN & SHARPE machine for sale. SCHWALB inspected this machine and agreed to purchase it. His records reflect that this machine was purchased on January 11, 1947 for the sum of \$2,850. At the time that he bought this machine, SCHLALB stated, LOSELEERG told him that they had other machines around the corner from the Second Street address on Houston Street. SCHEALE states that he was taken to this other shop by ROSERERG. to inspect a Morey Turrett lathe and that he was advised that G & R maintained these machines in this shop due to lack of room in their own shop.

ECHMALB recalled that he asked ROSEMBERG if this particular machine was owned by the G & R EMGHAERING COMPANY or by the owner of this other shop and he was advised that the owner of the other shop just kept it for the G & R COMPANY and was doing some work on these machines. SCHWALB identified the photo of The SIDOMAVITCH as very closely resembling the owner of this other shop. SCHWALD described SIDOMAVITCH and the description fits that given the writer.

SCH WLB stated that this other shop was located on the street floor on the south side of Houston Street between Avenue D and Cannon Street, right near Fire Engine Company [11. SCH ALB recalled that this store had about two steps going up to the entrance. Kr. SCH ALB stated that he would be very glad to accompany agents to Houston Street to endeavor to point out the location of this other shop. He suggested that any agent contacting him at home or at the shop mention the writer's name so that he will know it is bonafide.

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partners in the Eye R UPHOLSTERY & DECORATING COMPANY, 185 Monroe Street, since January of 1946. He stated that he did not know JULIUS ROSENBERG and was not familiar with the names of the companies with which ROSENBERG was associated. MOROUTTE was unable to identify any of the photographs exhibited to him and stated that his business cards are given out to a great number of people in an endeavor to obtain business.

Fr. ARTHUR W. O'LE/RY owner of the DILLING CUFTER & GRINDING SERVICE, 135 Grand Street, Cortlandt 7-6782, home address 2 Horatio Street, phone, Chelsen 3-0926, advised that he does precision work for most of the machine shops in the netropolitan area. Hr. O'LFARY recognized the pictures of LAVID GRENGLAGS and JULIUS ROSSHEERS as two individuals who have been to his place of business to have work done. It was his recollection that GREENGLAGS had some discussion with him concerning the candle business.

Existed Berger, Vice President of Differ PATTIRE & CASTING COMPANY 230 Canal Street, New York City, home residence 250 First Avenue, advised that he did not know JULIUS ROSENELEG. He checked the records of his firm and could find nothing on the books for the BERGERERING COMPANY, the PITT MACHIEF PRODUCTS CORP. or JULIUS ROSENELEG. In DERGER was unable to identify any of the pictures exhibited to him. Hr. BERGER suggested that the pictures be exhibited to hiss RHODA HTALK, Secretary, who has been with the company for 5 years and who will return from her annual vacation on August 7th. He stated that hiss FRANK has an excellent nemory for faces and names.

At 6264 Columbia Street, inquiries reflected that JUPLES VEISS had been energed in sheet metal work.

In There was in these that he had average the last to the content of Grand Street and Bowery.

Inquiries there were negative concerning CWRLES WEISS.

At 5% Harren Street, the elevator operator and superintendent stated that the MENTH MINIOUS ENDMOT COMPANY was not located in that building and hid no idea where it may have moved to. The telephone directories were regative as to the NORTH MINIOUS CAPACE COMPANY.

At Colombia Street, investigation reflected that the entire building is operated by a sporting goods company and has been so occupied for some time. He one on the premises was able to advice where TERMINET HONING COLOMBY may have moved and suggestion was offered that it was out of business. A check of the phone books was negative concerning the PRECISION MONING COMPANY.

Meno MY 65-15348

At 277 Droadway, the DENIUMY-CHAINING REINTING SURVICE, Room 308, stated that the O'DEND INCHINING OUTSIN had moved nore than 3 years ago to the Dronx and it was their understanding that the corpory had removed from the Bronx and had gone out of business. A check of the Dronx telephone directory was negative.

It is suggested that agents familiar with the facts of this case contact Nr. CHIRLES SCHMALB for any further information that may be desired. Concerning SCHMALB's business dealings with ROSHRIES and the G & R FROHELES CUITALY, particularly with reference to the other machine shop in which G & R stored additional machines.

It is suggested that an agent recentact the RITTUR PATTERN & CASTING COLDANY, 230 Canal Street, if it is deemed advisable to have the receptionist RHODA FIMIN, view the photographs on her return from vacation.

JOHN P. LINEHAN, SA

New York, N. Y. July 31, 1950

יפישע:

TEMPLET MANUFACTURING CORPORATION
156 Flushing Avenue
Brooklyn 5, N. Y.

CARL H. GRUNING advised that he is a salesman and contact man for the Templet Manufacturing Corporation and that he has been with that company since about April, 1949. He stated that he met ROSENBERG through the normal course of business and that he has known him for about eight months. GRUNING advised that he has no other knowledge concerning ROSENBERG and he failed to identify photographs of any of the known associates of ROSENBERG. GRUNING stated that it was his knowledge that ROSENBERG had done business with the Templet Manufacturing Corporation long before he had come to work for that company.

Corporation, advised that he has known ROSENBERG for about two years. He stated that he has done a great deal of work for ROSENBERG, mostly metal stamping. He also stated that ROSENBERG has done some work for him. BERLIN advised that through his long association with ROSENBERG he had become friendly with him and that he and his wife had called on the ROSENBERGS socially.

PERLIN stated that ROSENBERG'S wife had called on him on July 26th but stated that her call was in reference to work which he is presently doing for ROSENBERG.

PERLIN advised that he met ROSENBERG'S doctor, VACK 7APPISKI (ph.) who does business as the A-1 Fetal Spinning Company located at 71 Sheriff Street, New York City. 7APPISKI is supposed to have known ROSENBERG for a long time.

It is suggested that PERLIN be reinterviewed and %APOLSKI be interviewed if such has not already been done.

et Citalian

ARMAND A. CAMAROTTA, SA

aac:aw**v** 65-15348

New York City July 31, 1950

KIMO:

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPICHAGE R 65-15348

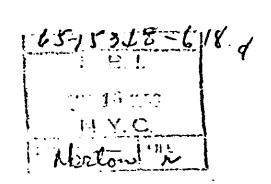
Refineme 7/21/50 of SA JAVES P. LEE listing business eards found among Subject's belongings at time of his arrest, of which the following were interviewed with the results set forth:

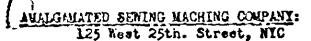
KEYSTONE PLATING AND RUST PROOFING COMPANY:
645 lith. Avenue.

LOUIS WEISBROT, Office Manager, said that the names and photographs of Subject, GREENGLASS, and their alleged associates were all unfamiliar to him and that the name PITT MACHING PRODUCTS CORPORATION was not to be found in the records. He did find, however, a ledger entry dated October 22 and 23, 1946 for \$22.50 under the name "G & R ENGINEERING COMPANY", 300 E. 2nd. Street. Further details concerning the transaction were lacking, but the work was done by Keystone for G & R.

PREDERICK HERBERT LOHNANN, formerly sales manager, now salesman, advised that ROSENBERG's face was vaguely familiar to him, but that he recalled no transaction and knows nothing about him. None of the other photos was familiar to him, he said.

XURT SCHIFTAN, Assistant Shop Fareman, advised that the company and individual names and all the photos were unfamiliar to him.





MARTIN LEVIN, advised that their records contain no reference to Fitt or other known company names or to Subject and his speciates and that all photos are unknown to them. MARTIN LEVIN is in bed with a severe heart attack and is not expected to be able to receive visitors for about a week.

UNDEVELOPED LEAD: Will interview MARTIN LEVIN, 1543 48th. Street, Brooklyn, Tel. GEdny 6-1777, on or after August 7, 1950, when he is expected to be well enough for the purpose.

KRISILOFF -SCHIFF SEWING MACHINE COMPANY: 147 Nest 25th. Street, NYC

ABE KRISILOFF, Partner, advised that Subject, his company names, and his associates are unknown to him and that, so it as he knows, he has had no business dealings of any kind with any of them. He said that for a period of about ten years, until perhaps five years ago, he did have business with B. GREENGLASS, father of DAVID GREENGLASS. B. GREENBLASS bought machines from him ofcasionally for his sewing machine sales and repair shop at 64 Sheriff Street. In connection with those delings he said that he believes he has seen DAVID GREENGLASS' mother on one or two eccasions, but never DAVID himself so if as he knows. Without knowing specifically, he said that he believes B. GREENGLASS is dead, for he was a very old man and stopped coming into his place of business. He said that he knows nothing of DAVID GREENGLASS and that his impressions of the father were always entirely favorable.

JACOB COLDFARB AND COMPANT:
109 West 26th. Street, MYC.

SAMUEL MANDELL, Salesman, advised that he knew B. GREENGLASS as a frequent customer for sewing machine parts over a period of twenty-five years until his death about two years ago. He said that he never saw the son, DAVID GREENGLASS, but knew that he was in the machine shop business and that he manufactured sewing maching parts. One of the latter's customers was supposed to be the Superior Belting Company of Brooklyn, but he said that he knows of no other specific business connection of DAVID GREENGLASS. He said that he had always been surprised that DAVID GREENGLASS never att tempted to manufacture and sell parts to Goldfarb, especially: As his father had been a customer for so many years, but is sure that no such attempt was ever made. GREENGLASS' father was always a reputable business man, he said.

Mr. MANDELL said that his company had no dealings with Pitt or G & R having previously seen and that except for/the newspaper photos of Subject and Greenglass, none of the photos was familiar to him.

CONSOLIDATED SEWING MACHINE COMPANT: 1115 Broadway, NYC.

SAMUEL REDLICH, President, MEYER REDLICH, his son; (PAUL SCHULDER, parts department; and JOSEPH SCHULDER, sales department, advised that BARNEY GREENGLASS and his business on Columbia Street with his brother and thereafter alone at 64 Sheriff Street were well known to them as customers for a period of twenty-five years, until BARNET GREENGLASS died recently. SAMUEL REDLICH recalled that he had attended the party held at the time DAVID GREENGLASS was born, but that he could recall no other contact with the latter. Subject and his companies never did business with Consolidated, the four men above-named stated, but PAUL SCHULDER and MEYER REDLICH said that ROSENBERG's photograph was familiar to them and that they recalled that in about 1946 he approached them and offered to manufacture the under-blades of cutting machines for them, at a time when such blades were very difficult to obtain. The offer was never ac epted and no similar business was later attempted. No further contact was had, they said, with ROSENBERG, GREENGLASS, or their business. The four men said that none of the other photos seemed at all familiar to them.

B. NEITZMAN AND COMPANT:
1326 38th. Street, Brooklyn, Tel. UL 4-1502.

BENJAMIN WEITZMAN, owner, and his son, HARRY EITZMAN, advised that mone of the photographs was familiar to them; that the known names of the Subject's businesses are unfamiliar to them and could not be found in any available records; and that, so far as is known, no contact of any kind was ever had with Subject, GREENGLASS, the letter's father, or any of their known associates. Both men pointed out that they would have no occasion to deal with a machine shop or to purchase or handle parts, inasmuch as their business is carpentry and primarily the manufacture of sewing machine table tops. They said that it was more probable that if any business was transacted with anyone associated with Subject or GREENGLASS it would have been with the father, who would have handled such table tops in his type of business. Both men further said that they had been in business at 29 Nest 26th. Street from 1936 until they moved to their present address in March, 1947.

SOMMER AND FUCHS SENING MACHING COMPANY: 553 8th. Avenue, NYC.

MAX SOMMER, owner, advised that he knew BARNEY GREENGLASS at 64.

Sheriff Street and recalled when the latter was in business with his brother

as GREENGLASS & GREENGLASS on Attorney Street in the same block—between

Grand and Browne Streets—before that. BARNEY GREENGLASS was a customer

of his for many years until his death and always enjoyed an excellent reputation. Mr. SCHOLER said that so far as he knew he never had any contact

of any kind with DAVID GREENGLASS, with ROSENBERG, with Pitt or R & G and

said that none of the photographs was familiar to him.

Mr. SOMMER pointed out, however, that he had on one occasion bought cloth drills from a sort of fly-by-night maching shop under circumstances that suggested the possibility of identity between Subject's business and the drill manufacturer. Later information revealed that this manufacturer labeled the machines differently/each of his customers; that his company name changed frequently; that his place of business shifted frequently and sometimes turned out to be a fictitious address. He suggested contact with SAY KLAPPER, who also sells various machines for the garment industry and who had more extensive dealings with the firm he had in mind.

SAN KLAPPER, 152 West 26th. Street, advised that the person SOLLER had in mind was named SICHUND and that he and none of his associates bore any ressemblance to ROSNEBERG, GREENGLASS, or their associates, none of whome was femiliar to him, he said.

ZUCKERVAN PERLOW CORPORATION:
237 West 35th. Street, NYC.

that Pitt, R & G, or G. & R, ROSENBERG, GREENGLASS, and all the photographs are unknown to them and that there has never been any contact of any kind with Zuckerman Perlaw Corporation so far as they know. They pointed out that there is no Perlaw connected with the business and has not been for many years and that the two of them would know all there is to know about the business and its contacts.

PERMA FIT SHOULDER PAD COMPANT: 215 West 40th. Street, NYC.

BERT MECHEU, President, Walter RIEDLER, partner, and LEO RIEDLER, partner, advised that their records contain no reference to Pitt or G & R or R & G; that none of the photos is familiar to them; and that so &r as they know there has been no contact of any kind with Subject or any of his associates. The recalled, however, that they had at one time bought machine hooks from a G & R Sewing Maching Company which for years had been on 25th. Street next to Finkelstein's, but recalled noone in that connection who ressembled Subject or his associates.

No such R & G Sewing Maching Company could be found in the telephone directory, but the Finkelstein Cutting Maching Company is located at 45 West 25th. Street, MIC.

AHLERS PATTERN WORKS:
419 West 31st. Street, NYC.

HENRY G. AHLERS, owner, and his associates WALTER BLUME/ and BERNARD KEINSIN, advised that none of the photos is amiliar to them; that Subject and his partner and their business styles are unknown to them by name; that no record could be found of any transaction with Subject or his companies; and that no contact of any kind with Subject or his associates could be recalled.

New York, N. Y. July 31, 1950

NEMO:

Re: DAVID EASTON
1203 Atlantic Avenue
Brooklyn, New York

DAVID EASTON was interviewed at his place of business located at 1203 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, where he owns and operates the Premier Welding Company. He stated that he is also an attorney at law with offices at 271 Vadison Avenue, New York 16, New York, phone number Lexington 2-2700.

EASTON immediately recognized the photograph of ROSENBERG as the person arrested by the FBI in Russian Excionage activities and stated that although he has spoken to ROSENBERG over the phone on several instances, he has never met him. EASTON stated that in addition to the Premier Welding Company, he is also partners with JOSEPH L. HELLER in a company doing business as Precision Associates located at that same address. EASTON stated that ROSENBERG had been doing work for Precision Associates and that HELLER had made all contacts with him. EASTON had no further knowledge of ROSENBERG and failed to recognize photographs of any of the known associates of ROSENBERG.

JOSEPH L. HELLER advised that he has known ROSENBERG for about five weeks. He stated that his only contact with ROSENBERG was in the line of business and that ROSENBERG had done some machine work for his company. HELLER stated that he had been talking to ROSENBERG over the phone the day refore he was arrested. He advised that he had absolutely no knowledge of the true character of ROSENBERG and stated that the work he had done for his company had been satisfactory.

HELLER further stated that his company is engaged in 100% government work making small parts for instruments used by the Army Signal Corps. The failed to recognize any of the known associates of ROSENPERG by photograph and further stated that he had no knowledge of the United Purchasers and Distributors of the d. and R. Engineering Products Company.

aac:apv 65–1531.6 VENO:

HELLER stated that ROSENBERG had been recommended to him by WILTON BERLIN of the Templet Manufacturing Company.

ARMAND A. CAMAROTTA, SA

New York, N. Y. July 31, 1950

MEMO:

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONACE - R

he memo of SA JAVES P. LEE at New York, New York, dated

7/21/50.

The Romm Trading Company 1177 Redford Avenue Erooklyn, New York

A review of the indices of the New York Office with regard to the above company was negative.

at his place of business, which is presently located at 2535 Tilden Avenue, Prooklyn, New York. Romm stated that he is a dealer in new and used machinery and that he moved from the Redford Avenue address approximately eight months are. Romm advised that he did not recall Resemberg either by name or photograph nor did he have any knowledge of the Pitt Machine Products Company. He stated that Resemberg may have contacted him at some time with reference to machinery but that he did not recall the incident. ROMM stated that he made many such contacts and that unless he actually did business with the person there was little likelihood of him remembering the incident.

he had been associated with his brother in the machinery husiness at the Bedford Avenue address but he was unable to identify Rosenberg either by name or photograph. He had no knowledge of the Pitt Machine Products Company. Morton Romm is presently located at 301 Rast 98th Street, Brooklyn, New York where he has a small shop manufactruing movelty dishware.

ARMAND A. CAMAROTTA, SA

AAC: ANV 65-15348 10575345=62-1./ 117.101000 MY.C. Winton "W



Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE_R

Reference is made to the memo. of SA James P Lee dated 7-24-50.

The following investigation was conducted by SA Lawrence D. Talbot at New York on 7-31;8-1,2-50.

Mr. JACK LEVITAN, Manager, Independent Tinware Company, 303 Cherry St., N.Y.C. advised that a search of his records since 1944 failed to locate any business contact with the United Purchasers & Distributors, 64 Sheriff St., the G & R Engineering Co. or the Pitt Machine Products Inc., both of 370 E. Houston St., N.Y.C. Mr LEVITAN stated that the photographs of the subject and Greenglass were not familiar to him.

(Mr. LOUIS KANES, Co-owner, above company was unable to recall any contact with the above companies and he could not identify the photo. pf Greenglass and the subject.

Mr. IRVING G FELDMAN, President, Keystone Bolt & Nut Corp., 123 Church St., N.Y.C. advised that a search of the company records reflected no transactions with ROSENBURG or his companies. Mr FELDMAN said that the photographs of the subject and GREENGLASS were not familiar to him.

Mr SYDNEY SILVERSTEIN, Vice-President and Miss CEIL SCHLESINGER, Secretary to FELDMAN, Keystone Bolt & Nut Corp., 123 Charch St, N.Y.C. stated that they did not recognize the photogaphs of ROSENERG or GREENGLASS. It was also advised that this company was formerly located at 62 Murray St., N.Y.C. and that the NAT JOSEPHY, former Purchasing Agent, is now located at 84 Warren St., N.Y.C.

Mr NATHAN JOSEPHY, President, Marren Fastenings Corp., 84 Marren St., N.Y.C. advised that he had formerly been associated with the Keystone Bolt & Nut Corp. resigning in 1946. He said that he did not recall the subject or any of the above mentioned companies nor was he able to identify the photographs of the subject or Ghillians.

Mr. MAURICE L MALKIN, 2355 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y. was interviewed at INS,70 Columbus Ave., N.Y.C, were he is employed as a Special Consultant, and he advised that the New York Machine Rebuilders,295 E 4th St., N.Y.C was licensed in his wife's name, Mrs LAUHA MALKIN, however he operated the business from its start in 1946 until they went out of business in August 1948. He said that the records for the company are no longer in existence however he recalled that in the Spring or early Summer of 1948

HISTORY IN

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the Pitt Machine Products Inc., located in the 300 block on E. Houston St., N.Y.C. did one job for him which amounted to about \$25.00. He said that they made him several job press rollers which were to be used on printing machines. MALKIN advised that was unable to recall the names of any persons associated with the Pitt Machine Products and he was unable to identify ROSENEFHG'S photograph. The photograph of GREENGLASS was shown to MALKIN and he said that he believed that GREENGLASS was the party that handled his order and that they discussed the job on two or three occasions. MALKIN said that his conversations at this company were of a short duration and that nothing was discussed except business.

He also advised that the Pitt Nachine Products was recommended to him by en a printer named SKOLNICA who has a small printing enop on E. Houston St. near Sheriff St., N.Y.C. He further described the location of this shop as being near a Police Station and believed that a ice

cream store separated the shop and the station.

Mr SAMUEL ENGELSON, 1750 E 172 St., Bronx, N.Y., advised that he had organized and operated the ENGELSON'S Precision Endustries, 342 Madison Avenue, N.Y.C from about 2-S-47 to 5-15-47 at which time he liquidated the company. He said that all records pertaining to the Precision Industries have been destroyed however he said that in was unable tolrecall having done any business with the afore mentioned companies of AUSENDERGES. Photographs of the subject and GREENGLASS were exhibited to ENGELSON with negative results.

Mr DANIEL & FASANO, 50-18 66 St., Woodside, N.Y. advised that Dan's Express and Trucking Co. was in business only in 1746 and 1747 and that he and his bother owned and operated this company. He said that he did not recognize the photographs of ROSENBERG and GHERNGLASS and he was unable to recall ever having done business with them. Mr FASANO checked his records and advised that he had done the rock for one G & R Engineering Co., 300 E 2 St., N.Y.C. on the following dates:

9-20-46 -- picked up a load and delivered it to 20 St.
10-11-46 -- 31 bars of steel from Canal St. and delivered to G & R.
11-22-46--- 28 bars of steel from G & R to Sturtewant Corp., bronx.
2-3-47 -- 1500 pounds of steel from G & R to Sturtewant Corp., bronx.

Hr FASANO was unable to furnish and further information concerning the above transactions.

Lawrence D Talbot SA